



Correction to: Ecological aspects and relationships of the emblematic *Vachellia* spp. exposed to anthropic pressures and parasitism in natural hyper-arid ecosystems: ethnobotanical elements, morphology, and biological nitrogen fixation

Bryan Vincent¹ · Julie Bourillon¹ · Karine Gotty¹ · Hassan Boukcim² · Marc-André Selosse^{3,4,5} · Aurélie Cambou⁶ · Coraline Damasio¹ · Mathis Voisin¹ · Stéphane Boivin¹ · Tomas Figura^{3,7,8} · Jérôme Nespoulous² · Antoine Galiana¹ · Kenji Maurice¹ · Marc Ducouso¹

Published online: 15 May 2024
© The Author(s) 2024

Correction to: *Planta* (2024) 259:132
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s00425-024-04407-0>

In this article, the text “at AI” was incorrectly replaced with “et al.” under the Abstract section. The complete sentence is given below.

In this region, we investigated the characteristics of desert legumes in two nature reserves (Sharaan and Madakhil), at one archaeological site (Hegra), and in open public domains at AI Ward and Jabal Abu Oud. Biological nitrogen fixation (BNF), isotopes and N and C contents were investigated through multiple lenses, including parasitism, plant tissues, species identification, plant maturity, health status and plant growth.

The original article has been corrected.

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00425-024-04407-0>.

✉ Bryan Vincent
bryan.vincent@cirad.fr; bryan39260@gmail.com

¹ CIRAD, UMR113 LSTM, TA A-82J, Campus International de Baillarguet, 34398 Montpellier Cedex 5, France

² Department of Research and Development, VALORHIZ, 1900, Boulevard de la Lironde, PSIII, Parc Scientifique Agropolis, 34980 Montferrier sur Lez, France

³ Institut Systématique Evolution Biodiversité (ISYEB), Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle (MNHN), CNRS, Sorbonne Université, EPHE, 57 rue Cuvier, CP39, 75005 Paris, France

⁴ Department of Plant Taxonomy and Nature Conservation, University of Gdańsk, Wita Stwosza 59, 80-308 Gdańsk, Poland

⁵ Institut Universitaire de France, Paris, France

⁶ Eco&Sols, IRD, Université de Montpellier, CIRAD, INRAE, Institut Agro, Montpellier, France

⁷ Department of Mycorrhizal Symbioses, Institute of Botany, Czech Academy of Sciences, Lesní 322, Průhonice, Czech Republic

⁸ Understanding Evolution Group, Naturalis Biodiversity Center, Darwinweg 2, 2333 CR, Leiden, The Netherlands