Correction to: Successful management of hyperammonemia with hemodialysis on day 2 during 5-fluorouracil treatment in a patient with gastric cancer: a case report with 5-fluorouracil metabolite analyses

Yoshinao Ozaki¹ · Hirotaka Imamaki² · Aki Ikeda¹ · Mitsuaki Oura³ · Shunsaku Nakagawa⁴ · Taro Funakoshi⁵ · Shigeki Kataoka⁵ · Yoshitaka Nishikawa^{5,6} · Takahiro Horimatsu⁵ · Atsushi Yonezawa⁴ · Takeshi Matsubara⁷ · Motoko Yanagita⁷ · Manabu Muto⁵ · Norihiko Watanabe¹

Published online: 12 November 2020
© The Author(s) 2020

Correction to:

Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology
(2020) 86:693–699

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s00280-020-04158-1>

The article “Successful management of hyperammonemia with hemodialysis on day 2 during 5-fluorouracil treatment in a patient with gastric cancer: a case report with 5-fluorouracil metabolite analyses”, written by Yoshinao Ozaki · Hirotaka Imamaki · Aki Ikeda · Mitsuaki Oura · Shunsaku Nakagawa · Taro Funakoshi · Shigeki Kataoka · Yoshitaka Nishikawa · Takahiro Horimatsu · Atsushi Yonezawa · Takeshi Matsubara · Motoko Yanagita · Manabu Muto and Norihiko Watanabe, was originally published Online First without Open Access. After publication in volume 86, issue

5, page 693–699 the author decided to opt for Open Choice and to make the article an Open Access publication. Therefore, the copyright of the article has been changed to © The Author(s) 2020 and the article is forthwith distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>), which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made.

The original article has been corrected.

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00280-020-04158-1>.

✉ Yoshinao Ozaki
yoshinao@kuhp.kyoto

- ¹ Department of Gastroenterology, Hirakata Kohsai Hospital, Osaka, Japan
- ² Department of Nephrology, Hirakata Kohsai Hospital, Osaka, Japan
- ³ Faculty of Medicine, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
- ⁴ Department of Clinical Pharmacology and Therapeutics, Kyoto University Hospital, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁵ Department of Therapeutic Oncology, Graduate School of Medicine, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁶ Department of Health Informatics, Kyoto University School of Public Health, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁷ Department of Nephrology, Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine, Kyoto, Japan

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.