

Erratum to: Morphological changes of injected calcium phosphate cement in osteoporotic compressed vertebral bodies

D. H. Heo · Y. J. Cho · S. H. Sheen · S. U. Kuh ·
S. M. Cho · S. M. Oh

Published online: 4 March 2010
© International Osteoporosis Foundation and National Osteoporosis Foundation 2010

Erratum to: Osteoporos Int DOI 10.1007/s00198-009-0911-4

In Table 1, the data on “Location of compression fracture” should read: 1 (T8); 1(T11); 2(T12); 4 (L1); 4 (L2); 1 (L4); 1 (L5)

In the subsection “Clinical and radiological analysis”, the first sentence of the second paragraph should read: “In addition, we also reviewed many radiological parameters such as the compression ratio, morphological changes of the injected CaP cement in the vertebral bodies, and the incidence of any subsequent adjacent or remote vertebral compression fractures.”

Table 1 Characteristics of patients

Characteristics	Value
Age (year)	69.42±10.26
Sex (M/F)	4/10
Bone mineral density (T score)	-3.19±0.66.
Filler material volume (mL)	3.98±0.88
Mean follow-up period (month)	25.43±1.91 (24–30 months)
Location of compression fracture	1 (T8); 1 (T11); 2 (T12); 4 (L1); 4 (L2); 1 (L4); 1 (L5)
Morphological changes of injected CaP (number of patients)	Seven of 14 patients (50%) Reabsorption (6) Osteogenesis (2) Condensation (2) Bone cement fracture (1) Heterotopic ossification (3)
Progression of compression of treated vertebrae	11 of 14 patients (78.6%)

The online version of the original article can be found at <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s00198-009-0911-4>.

D. H. Heo · Y. J. Cho (✉) · S. H. Sheen · S. M. Cho · S. M. Oh
Department of Neurosurgery, Chuncheon Sacred Heart Hospital,
College of Medicine, Hallym University,
153 Kyo-dong, Chuncheon,
Kangwon-do, South Korea
e-mail: nssur771@hallym.or.kr

S. U. Kuh
Department of Neurosurgery, Spine, and Spinal Cord Institute,
Yonsei University College of Medicine,
Seoul, South Korea