

## Common variants in **MODY** genes increase the risk of gestational diabetes mellitus

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Unfortunately some of the footnotes in Table 1 of this article were incorrect. The corrected table is reproduced here.

**Table 1** Genotype and allele distributions and corresponding odds ratios for GDM

SNP (rs number)	Genotype or allele	GDM <i>n</i> (%)	Controls <i>n</i> (%)	OR (95% CI) for GDM, additive model/ allelic effect	OR (95% CI) for GDM, recessive model	OR (95% CI) for GDM, dominant model
<i>GCK</i> -30G→A (rs1799884)	GG	435 (67.8)	889 (72.3)			
	GA	181 (28.2)	316 (25.7)	1.17 (0.94–1.45)		
	AA	26 (4.0)	24 (2.0) <sup>a</sup>	2.21 (1.26–3.90) <sup>b</sup>	2.12 (1.21–3.72) <sup>d</sup>	1.24 (1.01–1.53) <sup>c</sup>
<i>HNF1A</i> I27L (rs1169288)	A	233 (18.1)	364 (14.8)	1.28 (1.06–1.53) <sup>c</sup>		
	II	242 (39.4)	559 (46.1)			
	IL	298 (48.5)	508 (41.8)	1.36 (1.10–1.67) <sup>f</sup>		
<i>HNF4A</i> (rs2144908)	LL	74 (12.1)	147 (12.1) <sup>a</sup>	1.16 (0.85–1.60)	0.99 (0.74–1.34)	1.31 (1.08–1.60) <sup>c</sup>
	L	446 (36.3)	802 (33.0)	1.16 (1.001–1.34) <sup>c</sup>		
	GG	425 (67.8)	854 (70.1)			
<i>HNF4A</i> (rs2425637)	GA	167 (26.6)	316 (25.9)	1.06 (0.85–1.32)		
	AA	35 (5.6)	48 (4.0)	1.47 (0.93–2.30)	1.44 (0.92–2.25)	1.12 (0.91–1.37)
	A	237 (18.9)	412 (16.9)	1.14 (0.96–1.37)		
<i>HNF4A</i> (rs1885088)	GG	159 (24.7)	317 (25.8)			
	GT	310 (48.2)	617 (50.2)	1.00 (0.79–1.27)		
	TT	174 (27.1)	295 (24.0)	1.18 (0.90–1.54)	1.17 (0.94–1.46)	1.06 (0.85–1.32)
<i>HNF4A</i> (rs1885088)	T	658 (51.2)	1207 (49.1)	1.09 (0.95–1.24)		
	GG	412 (65.2)	791 (65.6)			
	GA	199 (31.5)	354 (29.4)	1.08 (0.87–1.33)		
<i>HNF4A</i> (rs1885088)	AA	21 (3.3)	60 (5.0)	0.67 (0.40–1.12)	0.66 (0.40–1.09)	1.02 (0.83–1.25)
	A	241 (19.1)	474 (19.7)	0.96 (0.81–1.14)		

<sup>a</sup> Differences in genotype frequencies between women with and without GDM ( $p=0.010$  for *GCK* -30G→A and  $p=0.016$  for *HNF1A* I27L)

<sup>b</sup>  $p=0.006$  for comparison of AA genotype vs GG genotype between women with and without GDM

<sup>c</sup> Differences in allele frequencies between women with and without GDM ( $p=0.008$  for *GCK* -30G→A and  $p=0.048$  for *HNF1A* I27L)

<sup>d</sup>  $p=0.009$  for comparison between women with and without GDM using a recessive model (AA vs GA+GG)

<sup>e</sup> Comparison between women with and without GDM using a dominant model ( $p=0.039$  for *GCK* -30G→A and  $p=0.007$  for *HNF1A* I27L)

<sup>f</sup>  $p=0.004$  for comparison of IL genotype vs II genotype between women with and without GDM