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Identification of a recurrent mutation in *GALNT3* demonstrates that hyperostosis-hyperphosphatemia syndrome and familial tumoral calcinosis are allelic disorders

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Figure 2 appeared in the html version of the paper, but it was omitted from the pdf and print versions. The figure is shown below.



Fig. 2 Osteosclerosis of the tibia and fibula secondary to new periosteal bone formation incorporated into the cortex. Bone islands are noted in the left tibia (*arrows*). There is mild metaphyseal dilatation in all bones