Correction to: Are introduced plants a threat to native pollinator services in montane–alpine environments?

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In the original publication, latitude and longitude values are incorrect in Table 1. The corrected Table 1 is given below.

Table 1 Study site characteristics, the Remarkables range, south-central South Island, New Zealand

Elevation m.a.s.l	Latitude	Longitude	Season	Flowering species		Network parameters	
				Native	Introduced	Network size	Qualitative-connectance
647	– 45.025580°	168.768074°	2011–2012	1	3	40	22.5
			2012–2013	1	4	50	34.0
903	– 45.025690°	168.777629°	2011–2012	1	2	21	52.4
			2012–2013	3	3	60	26.7
1114	– 45.026881°	168.803354°	2011–2012	5	9	140	23.6
			2012–2013	7	7	112	24.1
1315	– 45.033388°	168.801054°	2011–2012	6	4	130	27.7
			2012–2013	8	3	110	28.2
1464	– 45.043479°	168.804554°	2011–2012	9	3	120	25.8
			2012–2013	6	4	150	34.0

Flowering species are the number of species used for flower visitor observations within each study plot in each season. “Network size” is the number of flowering species × number of insect taxa observed visiting flowers. “Qualitative connectance” is $100 \times (\text{the number of unique plant–insect interactions} / \text{network size})$. Network parameters are derived from pooled weekly observations from 20 weeks in the 2011–2012 flowering season and 24 weeks in the 2012–2013 flowering season. As not all insect taxa were identified beyond the family level, these are minimum network parameters

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