

Erratum: integrand reduction of one-loop scattering amplitudes through Laurent series expansion

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ABSTRACT: We correct an error affecting eq. (6.11) of the article.

The contribution to the (integrated) amplitude $\delta\mathcal{A}_n$, coming from the additional MI's that arise in the higher-rank case ($r \leq n + 1$), which was given in eq. (6.11), should be replaced by,

$$\begin{aligned} \delta\mathcal{A}_n = & \sum_{i < j < k}^{n-1} c_{3,14}^{(ijk)} I_{ijk}[\mu^4] \\ & + \sum_{i < j}^{n-1} \left\{ c_{2,13}^{(ij)} I_{ij}[(q + p_i) \cdot e_2]^3 + c_{2,10}^{(ij)} I_{ij}[\mu^2((q + p_i) \cdot e_2)] \right\} \\ & + \sum_i^{n-1} \left\{ c_{1,14}^{(i)} I_i[\mu^2] + c_{1,15}^{(i)} I_i[(q + p_i) \cdot e_3][(q + p_i) \cdot e_4] \right\}. \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

The expression of the integral $I_i[(q + p_i) \cdot e_3][(q + p_i) \cdot e_4]$ can be obtained by contracting the covariant decomposition (B.3) with $e_3^\mu e_4^\nu$, and by using the relation $e_3 \cdot e_4 = -1$. The outcome is

$$\begin{aligned} I_i[(q + p_i) \cdot e_3][(q + p_i) \cdot e_4] &= \int d^d \bar{q} \frac{(q + p_i) \cdot e_3 [(q + p_i) \cdot e_4]}{D_i} = (e_3 \cdot e_4) A_{00} \\ &= -\frac{m_i^2 I_i + I_i[\mu^2]}{4} + \mathcal{O}(\epsilon). \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$