3—4 injections of 0.05 gm. of ephedrine hydrochloride (or ephetonine) subcutaneously; on the second day two injections of socium bicarbonate and 2—3 injections of ephedrine; on the following days the treatment is adjusted according to the symptoms. In mild cases, with the urine more or less alkaline, sodium bicarbonate is given by mouth.

The author claims that the moment when the urine will become clear can be predicted by measuring the surface tension of the blood.

Both ephedrine and sodium bicarbonate are necessary; the suspension of either is apt to cause a return of the hæmoglobinuria.

In very severe cases blood transfusion is indicated.

OBITUARY

DR. B. P. DELWE.

We sincerely regret to announce the death of our esteemed colleague and friend, Dr. Bal Prasad Delwe in a motor car accident recently. He took his degree in medicine from the Lucknow University but renounced it during the 1919 non-co-operation movement. He got his training in Pediatrics in the famous Priquet Clinic in Vienna in 1929-30. He was in the editorial board of this Journal since its foundation in 1933. On return to India he opened a small hospital at Nagpur. He endeared himself to his many friends and patients by devoted and sincere service. His work is highly appreciated by all his colleagues in this Journal, and he will be sadly missed. We extend our sincere condolence to his bereaved family at his sudden and premature death.