depend on the substance. In AgBr the distance between two atoms is about 10 Bohr radii so that some electrons will go into $n \geqslant 3$ states which have a lifetime $> 10^{-8}$ s and will, therefore, not reach the ground state. For spin > 1 the angular correlations will persist unless the meson has an exceedingly large magnetic moment ($\gamma^{-1} \geqslant 50$) which makes the interaction with the $p_{\frac{3}{2}}$ electrons strong enough.

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I would like to thank Prof. M. FIERZ for a stimulating discussion.

ERRATA - CORRIGE

W. CZYŻ and J. SAWICKI — **Polarization of Nucleons from Photonuclear Reactions:** *Nuovo Cimento* **3**, 864-869 (1956).

	instead of:	should read:
p. 865, line 2, 3 from the top	$\hat{I}^2$	$\hat{J}^2$
p. 867, line 6 from the top	—	$I = \frac{4}{3}\left\|R_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{10}R_{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{9}{10}R_{\frac{5}{2}}\right\|^2 + \frac{9}{25}\left\|R_{\frac{3}{2}} - R_{\frac{5}{2}}\right\|^2$
p. 867, line 8 from the top	$C = R_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{5}{2}R_{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{9}{10}R_{\frac{5}{2}}$	$C = R_{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{5}R_{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{9}{10}R_{\frac{5}{2}}$
p. 867, line 11 from the bottom	= 1.6 MeV	= 1.63 MeV (according to [3]). However, the last experimental value is 1.66 MeV. This difference has little influence on the numerical results.
p. 868, line 8-11 from the top	This result .... Austern [5]	This result may, for instance, be applied to the calculation of polarization of photoneutrons from the ^{29}Si nucleus close to the threshold of the ^{29}Si(γ, n) reaction.