BRIEF COMMUNICATIONS

THE HYDROCARBONS AND ALCOHOLS OF Euphorbia severtzovii

AND E. Falcata

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We have studied the epigeal part of Euphorbia severtzovii Prokh. and E. falcata (L), family Euphorbiaceae, collected in the full vegetation period. The comminuted plant material was extracted with chloroform. The yield of extractive substances from E. severtzovii was 4.55% (of which 75.39% was soluble in acetone and 24.61% insoluble) and from E. falcata it was 5.3% (78.3% soluble and 21.7% insoluble).

The acetone-insoluble fractions were treated with petroleum ether (bp 40-70°C) with heating.

The fraction soluble in petroleum ether was passed through a column filled with alumina and was eluted successively with petroleum ether, benzene, diethyl ether, acetone, and methanol. The first (petroleum ether) fraction from <u>E. severtzovii</u> gave a hydrocarbon – triacontane, $C_{3\theta}H_{62}$ with mp 65-66°C [1, 2] – while <u>E. falcata</u> gave tetracosane, $C_{24}H_{50}$ with mp 54-55°C [2]. The benzene fraction of both species gave an alcohol – tetracosanol, $C_{24}H_{49}$ OH, with mp 75-76°C [3]. On standing, the acetone-soluble fraction of <u>E. falcata</u> gave precipitate which by repeated recrystallization (acetone, acetone-water) yielded a hydrocarbon – pentatriacontane, $C_{35}H_{72}$, mp 74-75°C [2].

The substances isolated were identified by their melting points and IR spectra in comparison with known samples and by mixed melting points.

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