Chromosome Constitution 47,XYY in Relation to Stature

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Received May 13, 1974

There is a well-documented connection between the number of Y chromosomes and the stature in males (Jacobs *et al.*, 1965; Court Brown, 1968; Zeuthen and Nielsen, 1973; Nielsen and Christensen, 1974).

From studies of consecutive series of 18254 newborn boys in different countries as recently surveyed by Friedrich and Nielsen (1973) the mean prevalence of boys with double Y was 0.12% for males with karyotype 47,XYY.

In a population study of 3840 Danish conscripts (Zeuthen and Nielsen, 1973) we found 5 XYY males, which correlates well with the expected prevalence of 0.12% found in studies of newborn boys. The prevalence was 0.49% among those with stature 181 cm + and 2.99% among those with stature 190 cm +.

At the Cytogenetic Laboratory, Risskov, we have examined approximately 4000 adult males; 3 of them had stature above 200 cm (208, 205 and 208); 2 of those 3 had the karyotype 47,XYY. From the statistics of stature of Danish conscripts from 1920—1966 we have calculated that the expected number of males aged 20+ with stature above 200 cm in Denmark should be 17 ± 4 .

Our findings indicate that the prevalence of XYY males increases rapidly with increasing stature. We found that the prevalence increased from 0.12% in the general population to 0.49% for those with stature of 181~cm + to~2.99% for those with stature of 190~cm + and most probably above 10% for those with stature above 200~cm.

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