material, blood groups AB and B behave in about the same way as A, showing a small and nonsignificant increase in lepromatous patients. The same holds true in YANKAH's material, where a significant difference between B and 0 is found. In BEIGUELMAN's series, incidence of lepromatous cases in group B is still lower than in group 0. However, due to the South American blood group distribution, these numbers are very small.

If our results are taken together with the two other series, the difference between group A (together with AB) and 0 (somewhat higher incidence of the lepromatous type in group A, of the nonlepromatous type in group 0) seems to be fairly well established.

Group B seems to behave like A, not like 0.

Taking into account the heterogeneity χ^2 values, the fact that the deviation found in ours was smaller than in BEIGUELMAN's and YANKAH's material, could hardly be due to chance. However, our cases were classified by clinical criteria only, whereas to BEIGUELMAN histological diagnoses and/or the results of the lepromin reaction were available. This might have led to a dilution of the effect in our material due to some inexact diagnoses. YANKAH, in his very short report, does not mention the exact criteria of classification.

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Erratum

Gutartige recessiv x-chromosomal vererbte Muskeldystrophie
I. Untersuchungen bei Merkmalsträgern

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Humangenetik 3, 17—29 (1966)

Auf den Seiten 20 und 21 sind die beiden Abbildungen vertauscht. Der Stammbaum der Oberpfälzer Sippe steht auf Seite 20, der Stammbaum der Weseler Sippe auf Seite 21.