

## Corrigenda

# Transformational Methods and Their Application to Complexity Problems

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The proof of Lemma 4 (p. 105) is not correct and therefore also the proof of the main theorem of Section 4 (Theorem 8) does not hold. We will give here a new proof of Theorem 8. In order to do so replace Lemma 4 and Theorem 6 by a new **Theorem 6**:

Let  $\Sigma$  be some alphabet; let  $f_{\Sigma, v}, v \in \mathbb{N}$ , be the functions defined in Section 2 and let  $k, j \in \mathbb{N}, j \geq 2$ , be arbitrary numbers. Then

$$L \in D_{k \cdot j+1} \Rightarrow f_{\Sigma, k}(L) \in D_{j+1},$$

$$f_{\Sigma, j+1}(L) \in D_j \Rightarrow f_{\Sigma, j}(L) \in D_{j+1}$$

holds for every language  $L \subset \Sigma^*$ .

This theorem is proved with methods which are also used in the proofs of Theorem 2 and Theorem 7.

**New Proof of Theorem 8.** ( $D_j \not\subseteq D_{j+1}$  for all  $j \in \mathbb{N}$ ).

$D_1$  is the class of regular sets and therefore  $\{a^n b^n | n \in \mathbb{N}\} \notin D_1$ . It is obvious that  $\{a^n b^n | n \in \mathbb{N}\} \in D_2$  and this implies  $D_1 \not\subseteq D_2$ .

Now let us assume that  $j \geq 2$  and  $D_j = D_{j+1}$  and choose some  $L \in D_{(j+1) \cdot j+1}$ . Then because of Theorem 6 and Theorem 7 the following implications hold:

$$L \in D_{(j+1) \cdot j+1} \Rightarrow f_{j+1}(L) \in D_{j+1} = D_j \Rightarrow f_j(L) \in D_{j+1} = D_j \Rightarrow L \in D_{j^2}.$$

This implies  $D_{j^2+j+1} = D_{j^2}$  which is a contradiction to the result of O. H. Ibarra.  $\square$

This method can be applied also to get hierarchy results for other types of multihead automata. Especially it can be shown in the same way that  $N_j \not\subseteq N_{j+1}$  for all  $j \in \mathbb{N}$ . This sharpens a result of J. I. Seiferas [“Relating refined space complexity classes”. J. Computer System Sci. 14, 100–129 (1977)].

The author would like to take this opportunity to mention that the first statement of Theorem 4 ( $\text{NTAPE}(\log n) = \text{Tape}(\log n) \Leftrightarrow C \subset \text{Tape}(\log n)$ ) was also found independently by I.H.Sudborough ("On tape-bounded complexity classes and multihead finite automata". J. Computer System Sci. **10**, 62-76 (1975)) and by Z. Galil ("Two way deterministic pushdown automaton languages and some open problems in the theory of computation". IEEE Conference Record 15th Annual Symposium on Switching and Automata Theory, 1974, pp. 170-177). Furthermore the author wants to thank J. Seiferas and Z. Galil for their valuable criticism of the earlier version of the proof of Theorem 8.

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