

## ERRATUM

In 'The Derivation of Parent Electron Spectra from Bremsstrahlung Hard X-Ray Spectra', by Johns and Lin (*Solar Physics* **137**, 121) the following corrections should be made:

Equations (16) through (19) should read:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma}{dk}(k, E) = & \frac{Z^2 r_0^2}{137} \frac{16}{3} \frac{m^2 c^4}{kE(E + 2mc^2)} \times \\ & \times \ln \left[ \frac{1 + \left( \frac{(E - k)(E - k + 2mc^2)}{E(E + 2mc^2)} \right)^{1/2}}{1 - \left( \frac{(E - k)(E - k + 2mc^2)}{E(E + 2mc^2)} \right)^{1/2}} \right] \times \\ & \times [E(E + 2mc^2)]^{1/2} [E - k + mc^2] \times \\ & \times \left\{ 1 - \exp \left[ - \frac{2\pi(E + mc^2)}{137[E(E + 2mc^2)]^{1/2}} \right] \right\} \times \\ & \times \left\{ [(E - k)(E - k + 2mc^2)]^{1/2} [E + mc^2] \times \right. \\ & \left. \times \left\{ 1 - \exp \left[ - \frac{2\pi(E - k + mc^2)}{137[(E - k)(E - k + 2mc^2)]^{1/2}} \right] \right\} \right\}^{-1}, \quad (16) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma}{dk}(k, E) = & \frac{Z^2 r_0^2}{137} \frac{1}{k} \frac{p}{p_0} \left\{ \frac{4}{3} - 2 \frac{(E + mc^2)(E - k + mc^2)}{1} \frac{p^2 + p_0^2}{p^2 p_0^2} + \right. \\ & + \frac{\epsilon_0(E - k + mc^2)m^2 c^4}{p_0^3} + \frac{\epsilon(E + mc^2)m^2 c^4}{p^3} - \frac{\epsilon\epsilon_0 m^2 c^4}{p_0 p} + \\ & + L \left[ \frac{8(E + mc^2)(E - k + mc^2)}{3p_0 p} + \right. \\ & + \frac{k^2((E + mc^2)^2(E - k + mc^2)^2 + p_0^2 p^2)}{p_0^3 p^3} + \\ & + \frac{km^2 c^4}{2p_0 p} \left( \frac{\epsilon_0((E + mc^2)(E - k + mc^2) + p_0^2)}{p_0^3} - \right. \\ & \left. \left. - \frac{\epsilon((E + mc^2)(E - k + mc^2) + p^2)}{p^3} + \right. \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. + \frac{2k(E + mc^2)(E - k + mc^2)}{p^2 p_0^2} \right\} \times \\
 \times \frac{p_0(E - k + mc^2) \left[ 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{2\pi Z(E + mc^2)}{137p_0}\right) \right]}{p(E + mc^2) \left[ 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{2\pi Z(E - k + mc^2)}{137p}\right) \right]}, \quad (17)$$

where

$$L = 2 \ln \left[ \frac{(E + mc^2)(E - k + mc^2) + p_0 p - m^2 c^4}{kmc^2} \right], \\
 \varepsilon_0 = \ln \left( \frac{E + mc^2 + p_0}{E + mc^2 - p_0} \right), \quad (18) \\
 \varepsilon = \ln \left( \frac{E - k + mc^2 + p}{E - k + mc^2 - p} \right)$$

and

$$p_0 = [E(E + 2mc^2)]^{1/2}; \quad p = [(E - k)(E - k + 2mc^2)]^{1/2}. \quad (19)$$

Only Equations (16) through (18) contain misprints in the original text but we include Equation (19) here also since these equations form a set. The misprints occur only in the text, the computer codes used to derive the results originally cited are free of these errors.

### Acknowledgement

We would like to thank E. Haug for kindly pointing out the misprints in the original paper.