

Corrigendum

Sayer, M.D.J., Reader, J.P. and Dalziel, T.R.K. (1993) Freshwater acidification: effects on the early life stages of fish. *Rev. Fish Biol. Fisheries* 3, 95–132.

Figure 2 on page 113 of this article should have appeared as follows:

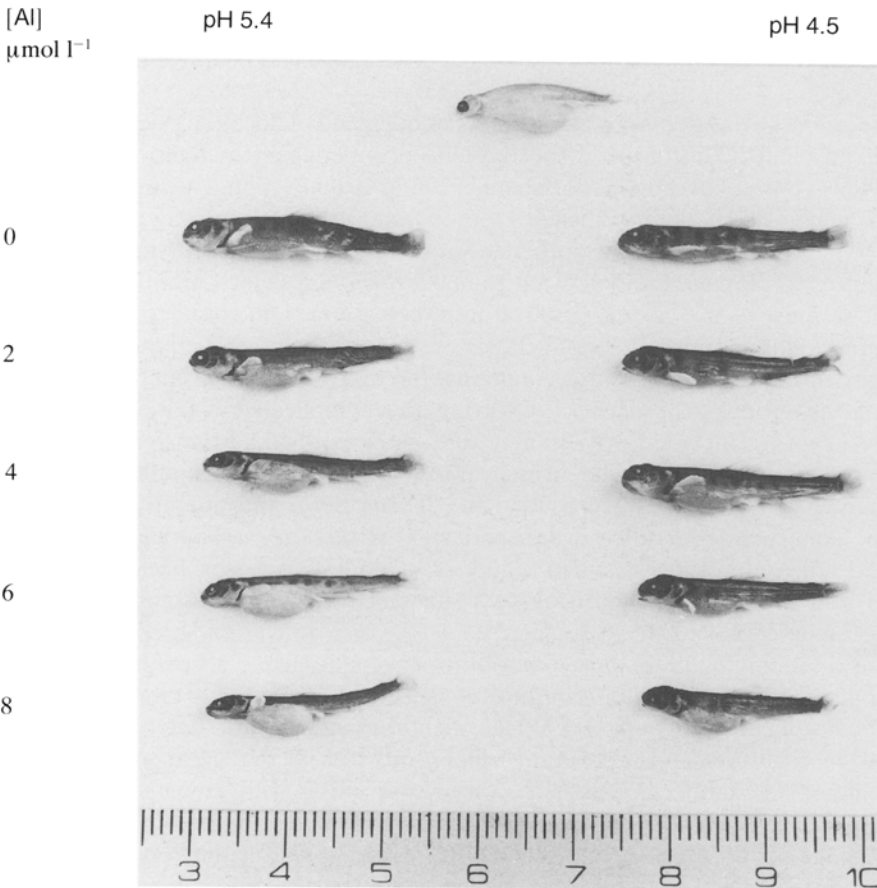


Fig. 2. Brown trout larvae after being subjected to two pH in artificial media (calcium 50 $\mu\text{mol l}^{-1}$) with added aluminium for 30 days (reproduced with permission from Dalziel, 1985; scale in cm). The specimen at the top of the figure is an example of a newly hatched larva. At 10 °C, brown trout larvae that had developed normally would totally resorb yolk reserves after 30 days and would be termed swim-up (e.g. the fry from the pH 5.4, 0 $\mu\text{mol l}^{-1}$ aluminium treatment). Development is retarded by low pH and/or aluminium, although dry weight is unaffected (Reader *et al.*, 1988; experiment 2). Aluminium exists in a potentially more toxic form at pH 5.4 compared with pH 4.5 (Howells, 1990).