

A Critical Review of Empirical Research Examining SMEs Adoption from Selected Journals

S. S. Abed⁽⁾

Department of Management Information Systems, College of Business (COB), King Abdulaziz University Rabigh, Rabigh, Saudi Arabia sabid@kau.edu.sa

Abstract. The purpose of this paper is to review the literature on empirical research examined Small and Medium size Enterprises (SMEs) from selected journals. This has been achieved by reviewing the most examined constructs to identify the key significant factors in the literature. The selected research papers for reviewing are accessed from only high-ranking journals. The review addressed technology adoption in the context of SMEs. The paper attempts to review the studies based on technology-organisation-environment (TOE) framework to identify the relevant set of variables for technology adoption in SMEs. The most significant factors found to be relative advantage and compatibility from the technological context, top management support and size from the organizational context, and external pressure from the Environmental context. This review intended to guide future researchers to improve the predictive power of their examined models.

Keywords: Technology adoption \cdot SMEs \cdot TOE \cdot Empirical research

1 Introduction

Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) are considered one of most significant sectors to promote nations financial and economic growth [3]. SMEs are defined based on their employment and economy figures as well as fixed assets and sales volumes. They typically employ less than 500 workers. They are known for their major advantages including employment creation at low capital cost, flexibility, and innovation [1, 59, 67]. Economies of most OCED nations comprise nearly 96% to 99% of small and medium enterprises that account for 80% economic growth for those nations. Their existence is evident in all developed and developing countries to the extent that GDPs for North American and European countries today is contributed significantly by SMEs with 99% of all businesses. Apart from that, around 70% job creation is credited to this sector [65]. SMEs are known for their significant role in driving the economic growth. Governments of emerging nations and developed countries support SMEs sector through encouraging public policies [3]. Large corporations, that normally play their central role in country's formal economy, could not effectively operate in absence of SMEs [2]. In fact, they appear more leading where there's a need to rely less on traditional resources and

effectively support technology and human intellectual capital as they depends on innovation, change adoption, creation of information and knowledge through strategic disposition of knowledge capital [3, 5, 65].

The existence and growth of SMEs sustain through inter-organizational integration and access to knowledge for which SMEs significantly need resources including Information technology, networking, internet and social media, configurable platforms, and prompt data processing models [1]. Such resources, especially information and communications technology enable SMEs to operate cost-effectively, both at national and international levels [5]. They need to earn and maintain competitive advantage through improved service quality and product expansion, customer evaluations, improved effectiveness and efficiency, cost reduction, and sales forecasting.

Research studies show that SMEs profit heavily by ICT in order to achieve sustainable growth in developed economies [51, 79]. The beginning of last decade observed a huge increase in the use of online platforms by businesses in the US and Europe. It showed similar growth in other parts of the world where online business ventures added billions to aggregate revenues [3]. Certain factors, however, affect SMEs' economic development and weaken their access to global markets, including ICT adoption. This adoption of ICT by SMEs is yet to be explored fully. This study will review the literature based on the TOE framework constructs in order to identify relevant set of variables for technology adoption in SMEs.

2 Technology Adoption

Technology adoption is defined as the choice to obtain and use a new innovation [25]. The mental acceptance of a technology by an individual or an organization, and the decision, by an individual or organization, to implement and utilize a technology [80]. Various models and theories have effectively explained technology adoption as voluntary individual behavior including; TAM, IDT, TRA, TRB, TOE, and UTAUT proposed by [6, 17, 22, 62, 75, 77] respectively.

This technology adoption was categorized at three distinct levels: organization, group, and team [25]. However, some studies show that TRA, TRB, and UTAUT are more aimed at forecasting individual adoption as compared to organizational context. In contrast, the TOE frameworks are mostly used at the organizational level to analyse the technology adoption. In recent years, the TOE frameworks have gained significant value among several authors who employ them to gain theoretical perspective on the ICT adoption as well as to test its variables for acceptance of new technologies [87].

Even though IDT and TOE framework constructs are suitable for examining organizational adoption, TOE frameworks are given more weight due to their addition of new construct (i.e. environmental) in explaining the technology adoption. [87] found TOE framework having more significance than the IDT in their theoretical evaluations. As a result, this research study will consider organization-based research studies established on TOE due to their high significance over other frameworks.

3 TOE Framework

Tornatzky and Fleischer [75] initially developed the TOE framework in order to analyse the organizational-level adoption of a number of information technology products and services. Since then, TOE frameworks have emerged as significant theoretical perspectives by potential researchers studying technology adoption. The addition of various distinct variables including technological, organizational, and environmental in TOE framework has supplemented researchers to test and validate its advantage over other adoption models w.r.t. their ability to technology use, technology adoption, and value created by SMEs sector as a result of technology creation [25, 59]. Therefore, there are many reasons to employ the TOE framework due to its many benefits including; its user adoption of ICT, its influence over value chain undertakings, its implementation, its diffusion among organizations after the adoption, foreseeing obstacles, its ability to develop better organizational competencies using the technology, and other factors impacting business decisions related to innovation-adoption. All three contexts of TOE framework, as explained by [75] influence the technological innovation adoption of the framework and its implementation. The following sections briefly outline those three contexts of Technological, Organizational, Environmental (TOE) framework;

Technological Context: According to [15], technological context is set of those variables that shadow their influence over individuals, organizations, and industries in their process of adopting innovations. [18] Further divided it into five innovation attributes that influence the possibility of adoption. A deep insight into technological context reveals that the adoption relies on various technologies, both inside and outside the organization. Moreover, it depends on application's apparent relative advantage, complexity in terms of learning curve, observability (imagination), compatibility (organizational as well as technical), and trialability (experimentation).

Organizational Context: organizational context comprises of organization's culture, business scope, top management's support, organizational readiness, prior ICT knowledge, owner innovativeness, information intensity, cost, and size [75].

Environmental Context: Factors facilitating or delaying areas of operation are covered under environmental context. [8, 65, 87] have captured a number of significant factors including competitive pressure, socio-cultural issues, readiness of business partners, government support and encouragement, and infrastructures for technology support.

4 Empirical Studies on SMEs Innovation Adoption from Select Journals

Based on the academic journal guide 2015, a literature review was directed to identify the empirical publications conducted on SMEs innovation adoption from high-ranking journals. Thirty-five journals has published empirical studies on SMEs innovation

ISSN	Journal name	AJG 2015 rating	ABS 2010 rating	Articles
0276- 7783	MIS quarterly	4	4	[32]
1047- 7047	Information systems research	4	4	[73, 84]
0025- 1909	Management science	4	4	[86]
0883- 9026	Journal of business venturing	4	4	[34, 63]
0022- 2437	Journal of marketing research	4	4	[24]
0047- 2506	Journal of international business studies	4	4	[27]
0143- 2095	Strategic management journal	4	4	[71]
1042- 2587	Entrepreneurship theory and practice	4	4	[48]
0090- 4848	Human resource management	4	4	[30]
0378- 7206	Information & management	3	3	[12, 16, 28, 31, 36, 46, 49, 54, 61]
0925- 5273	International journal of production economics	3	3	[14]
0921- 898X	Small business economics	3	3	[19]
0963- 8687	Journal of strategic information system	3	3	[35]
0309- 0566	European journal of marketing	3	3	[38, 64]
0960- 085X	European journal of information systems	3	3	[53, 85, 87]
0305- 0483	Omega: the international journal of management science	3	3	[56, 74]
1086- 4415	International journal of electronic commerce	3	3	[70]
0742- 1222	Journal of management information systems	4	3	[72]
0266- 2426	International small business journal	3	3	[45]
0166- 4972	Technovation	3	3	[44, 60, 83]
0047- 2778	Journal of small business management	3	3	[10, 78, 81]
1462- 6004	Journal of small business and enterprise development	2	2	[21, 25, 39, 40, 58]
0003- 6846	Applied economics	2	2	[33]

Table 1. Empirical studies on SMEs innovation adoption from select journals

(continued)

1			1
Journal name	AJG 2015	ABS 2010	Articles
	rating	rating	
European business review	2	2	[37]
Journal of computer information systems	2	2	[47]
Communications of the association for	2	2	[52]
information systems			
Journal of global information management	2	2	[76]
International journal of information	2	2	[43]
management			
Strategic change	2	2	[29]
International journal of accounting	2	1	[11]
information systems			
Electronic markets	2	1	[7, 8, 41, 54, 82]
Journal of enterprise information	2	1	[9, 13, 23, 59, 65, 69]
management			
Industrial management and data systems	2	1	[4, 26, 57, 68]
International journal of productivity and	1	1	[50]
performance management			
35			68
	Journal name European business review Journal of computer information systems Communications of the association for information systems Journal of global information management International journal of information management Strategic change International journal of accounting information systems Electronic markets Journal of enterprise information management Industrial management and data systems International journal of productivity and performance management 35	Journal nameAJG 2015 ratingEuropean business review2Journal of computer information systems2Journal of computer information systems2Communications of the association for information systems2Journal of global information management2International journal of information management2International journal of accounting information systems2International journal of accounting information systems2Journal of enterprise information management2Journal of enterprise information management2Journal of enterprise information management2International journal of productivity and performance management1	Journal nameAJG 2015 ratingABS 2010 ratingEuropean business review22Journal of computer information systems22Journal of computer information systems22Communications of the association for information systems22Journal of global information management22International journal of information22International journal of accounting information systems21International journal of accounting information systems21Journal of enterprise information management21Journal of enterprise information management21International journal of productivity and performance management11

 Table 1. (continued)



Fig. 1. Empirical studies conducted according to journal rating and year

IV	Significant	Insignificant
Techn	ological factors	
R	DV: BI [43, 61]	DV:USE [7, 8]
А	DV:USE [9, 12, 25, 26, 28, 32, 33, 35, 36, 46, 47, 49,	
	52–56, 58, 65, 68, 70, 76]	
С	DV:USE [4, 7–9, 12, 25, 26, 28, 35, 47, 49, 52, 54, 58,	
В	68, 70, 76, 85]	
C	DV:USE [8, 9, 49, 58, 61, 68, 76]	DV: BI [43]
X		DV:USE [28, 35]
TR	DV:USE [9, 35, 58, 59, 68, 82]	DV:USE [8]
0	DV:USE [58, 68]	DV:USE [8, 35, 59]
В		
SC	DV:USE [19, 21, 40, 68, 85]	
Organ	izational factors	1
Т	DV: BI [43]	
Μ	DV:USE [9, 12, 14, 47, 49, 54–56, 58, 59, 65, 70, 84]	
S		
0	DV: BI [14]	DV: BI [47]
R	DV:USE [28, 32, 36, 46, 47, 49, 52, 58, 59, 82, 86]	
PK	DV:USE [7, 19, 26, 33, 40, 72–74, 76, 82]	DV:USE [26, 58, 59]
OI	DV:USE [7, 21, 25, 26, 33, 39, 72–74, 76, 82]	
П	DV: BI [26, 72, 74]	DV: BI [7, 70]
	DV:USE [26, 37, 41, 54]	
С	DV: BI [43]	DV:USE [7, 8, 26, 33,
0	DV:USE [4, 8, 21, 25, 40, 82, 84, 85]	35]
SI	DV:USE [7, 9, 13, 19, 31, 49, 56, 58, 59, 69, 72–74, 76,	DV:USE [26, 33]
	[84, 87]	
Enviro	onmental factors	1
EP	DV:USE [14, 19, 26, 28, 32, 36, 46, 52, 56, 58, 76, 82,	DV: BI [43]
	84-87]	DV:USE [7, 9, 33, 37, 47,
		49, 59, 70]
СР	DV: BI [43]	
10	DV:USE [21, 26, 39, 41, 53, 65, 82, 87]	
15	DV:USE [9, 14, 21, 31, 53, 54, 58, 69]	DV:USE [59]
MS	DV:USE [9, 33, 37, 58, 59, 84, 87]	DV:USE [13, 86]
ES	DV:USE [9, 26, 65, 82]	DV:USE [7, 58, 59]

Table 2. Construct analysis the most significant factors affecting SMEs adoption

IV: Independent variable, DV: Dependent variable, BI: Behavioural Intention, RA: Relative advantage, CB: Compatibility, CX: Complexity, TR: Trialability, OB: observability, SC: Security, TMS: Top management support, OR: Organizational readiness, PK: ICT/IS Prior knowledge, OI: Owner Innovativeness, II: Information Intensity, CO: Cost, SI: Size, EP: External Pressure, CP: Consumer pressure, IS: Industry sector, MS: Market Scope, ES: External ICT Support.

adoption, ranging from 4* to 1* rating, and a total of sixty-eight studies was identified (Table 1). These studies were conducted from 1995 to 2017, the highest number of studies has took place in 2005 (Fig. 1).

Based on TOE framework, a construct analysis has conducted to identify the most significant factors affecting SMEs adoption from the studies that has been identified in Table 1. From the technological factors, six constructs has been identified including relative advantage, compatibility, complexity, trialability, observability, and security. From the organizational factors, seven constructs has been identified including top management support, organizational readiness, prior ICT/IS knowledge, owner/ entrepreneurial innovativeness, information intensity, cost, and size. From the environmental factors, five constructs has been identified including external/competitive pressure, consumer pressure, industry sector, market scope, and external ICT support (Table 2).

5 Summary and Conclusion

The current study makes a significant contribution for academics by reviewing the literature of the empirical studies on SMEs innovation adoption from high-ranking journals. A total of thirty-five journals have presented empirical research papers on SMEs innovation adoption with sixty-eight different studies. The identified studies has been conducted from 1995 to 2017. Based on the TOE framework, a review of the constructs has directed to identify the most significant factors affecting SMEs innovation adoption from the selected journals. The study found that the most significant factors found to be relative advantage and compatibility from the technological context, top management support and size from the organizational context, and external pressure from the environmental context. This analysis intended to guide future researchers to improve the predictive power of their examined models.

References

- Abed, S.S., Dwivedi, Y.K., Williams, M.D.: SMEs' adoption of e-commerce using social media in a Saudi Arabian context: a systematic literature review. Int. J. Bus. Inf. Syst. 19(2), 159–179 (2015)
- 2. Abed, S.S., Dwivedi, Y.K., Williams, M.D.: Social media as a bridge to e-commerce adoption in SMEs: a systematic literature review. Market. Rev. **15**(1), 39–57 (2015)
- Abed, S.S., Dwivedi, Y.K., Williams, M.D.: Social commerce as a business tool in Saudi Arabia's SMEs. Int. J. Indian Cult. Bus. Manag. 13(1), 1–19 (2016)
- Ainin, S., Parveen, F., Moghavvemi, S., Jaafar, N. I., Mohd Shuib, N.L.: Factors influencing the use of social media by SMEs and its performance outcomes. Ind. Manag. Data Syst. 115 (3), 570–588 (2015)
- 5. Ajmal, F., Yasin, N.M., Norman, A.A.: Critical success factors influencing e-commerce adoption in SMEs: a review and model. Int. J. Adv. Appl. Sci. 4(7), 159–172 (2017)
- Ajzen, I.: The theory of planned behaviour. Organ. Behav. Hum. Decis. Process. 50(2), 179– 211 (1991)

- Al-Qirim, N.: An empirical Investigation of an e-commerce adoption-capability model in small businesses in New Zealand. Electron. Mark. 15(4), 418–437 (2005)
- Al-Qirim, N.: A research trilogy into E-commerce adoption in small businesses in New Zealand. Electron. Mark. 17(4), 263–285 (2007)
- Alshamaila, Y., Papagiannidis, S., Li, F.: Cloud computing adoption by SMEs in the north east of England: a multi-perspective framework. J. Enterp. Inf. Manag. 26(3), 250–275 (2013)
- Aragón-Sánchez, A., Sánchez-Marín, G.: Strategic orientation, management characteristics, and performance: a study of Spanish SMEs. J. Small Bus. Manag. 43(3), 287–308 (2005)
- 11. Azmi, A., Sapiei, N.S., Mustapha, M.Z., Abdullah, M.: SMEs' tax compliance costs and IT adoption: the case of a value-added tax. Int. J. Account. Inf. Syst. 23, 1–13 (2016)
- 12. Beatty, R.C., Shim, J.P., Jones, M.C.: Factors influencing corporate web site adoption: a time-based assessment. Inf. Manag. **38**(6), 337–354 (2001)
- Buonanno, G., Faverio, P., Pigni, F., Ravarini, A., Sciuto, D., Tagliavini, M.: Factors affecting ERP system adoption: a comparative analysis between SMEs and large companies. J. Enterp. Inf. Manag. 18(4), 384–426 (2005)
- 14. Chan, F.T., Yee-Loong Chong, A., Zhou, L.: An empirical investigation of factors affecting e-collaboration diffusion in SMEs. Int. J. Prod. Econ. **138**(2), 329–344 (2012)
- Cindy Claycomba, C., Iyerb, K., Germainc, R.: Predicting the level of B2B e-commerce in industrial organizations. Ind. Market. Manag. 34, 221–234 (2005)
- Cragg, P.B., Zinatelli, N.: The evolution of information systems in small firms. Inf. Manag. 29(1), 1–8 (1995)
- 17. Davis, F.D.: Perceived usefulness, perceived ease of use, and user acceptance of information technology. MIS Q. **13**(3), 319–340 (1989)
- Dedrick, J. and West, J.: Why firms adopt open source platforms: a grounded theory of innovation and standards adoption. In: Proceedings of the Workshop on Standard Making: A Critical Research Frontier for Information Systems (2003)
- Dholakia, R.R., Kshetri, N.: Factors impacting the adoption of the internet among SMEs. Small Bus. Econ. 23(4), 311–322 (2004)
- 20. Dwivedi, Y.K., et al.: Research on information systems failures and successes: Status update and future directions. Inf. Syst. Front. **17**(1), 143–157 (2015)
- Fillis, I., Johansson, U., Wagner, B.: A qualitative investigation of smaller firm e-business development. J. Small Bus. Enterp. Dev. 11(3), 349–361 (2004)
- 22. Fishbein, M., Ajzen, I.: Belief, Attitude, Intention and Behaviour: An Introduction to Theory and Research. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA (1975)
- Gangwar, H., Date, H., Ramaswamy, R.: Understanding determinants of cloud computing adoption using an integrated TAM-TOE model. J. Enterp. Inf. Manag. 28(1), 107–130 (2015)
- Gatignon, H., Xuereb, J.M.: Strategic orientation of the firm and new product performance. J. Market. Res., 77–90 (1997)
- Ghobakhloo, M., Tang, S.H.: The role of owner/manager in adoption of electronic commerce in small businesses: the case of developing countries. J. Small Bus. Enterp. Dev. 20(4), 754–787 (2013)
- Ghobakhloo, M., Arias-Aranda, D., Benitez-Amado, J.: Adoption of ecommerce applications in SMEs. Ind. Manag. Data Syst. (8), 1238–1269 (2011)
- Golovko, E., Valentini, G.: Exploring the complementarity between innovation and export for SMEs' growth. J. Int. Bus. Stud. 42(3), 362–380 (2011)
- Grandon, E.E., Pearson, J.M.: Electronic commerce adoption: an empirical study of small and medium US businesses. Inf. Manag. 42(1), 197–216 (2014)

- Hamad, H., Elbeltagi, I., Jones, P., El-Gohary, H.: Antecedents of B2B E-Commerce adoption and its effect on competitive advantage in manufacturing SMEs. Strateg. Change 24 (5), 405–428 (2015)
- Hayton, J.C.: Strategic human capital management in SMEs: An empirical study of entrepreneurial performance. Hum. Resour. Manag. 42(4), 375–391 (2003)
- 31. Hong, W., Zhu, K.: Migrating to internet-based e-commerce: factors affecting e-commerce adoption and migration at the firm level. Inf. Manag. **43**(2), 204–221 (2006)
- 32. Iacovou, C.L., Benbasat, I., Dexter, A.S.: Electronic data interchange and small organizations: adoption and impact of technology. MIS Q. **19**(4), 465–485 (1995)
- 33. Jeon, B.N., Han, K.S., Lee, M.J.: Determining factors for the adoption of e-business: the case of SMEs in Korea. Appl. Econ. **38**(16), 1905–1916 (2006)
- Keh, H.T., Nguyen, T.T.M., Ng, H.P.: The effects of entrepreneurial orientation and marketing information on the performance of SMEs. J. Bus. Ventur. 22(4), 592–611 (2007)
- Kendall, J.D., Tung, L.L., Chua, K.H., Ng, C.H.D., Tan, S.M.: Receptivity of Singapore's SMEs to electronic commerce adoption. J. Strateg. Inf. Syst. 10(3), 223–242 (2001)
- Kuan, K.K., Chau, P.Y.: A perception-based model for EDI adoption in small businesses using a technology-organization-environment framework. Inf. Manag. 38(8), 507–521 (2001)
- 37. Kula, V., Tatoglu, E.: An exploratory study of Internet adoption by SMEs in an emerging market economy. Eur. Bus. Rev. **15**(5), 324–333 (2003)
- Laforet, S.: Effects of size, market and strategic orientation on innovation in non-high-tech manufacturing SMEs. Eur. J. Market. 43(1/2), 188–212 (2009)
- Laforet, S., Tann, J.: Innovative characteristics of small manufacturing firms. J. Small Bus. Enterp. Dev. 13(3), 363–380 (2006)
- Lawson, R., Alcock, C., Cooper, J., Burgess, L.: Factors affecting adoption of electronic commerce technologies by SMEs: an Australian study. J. Small Bus. Enterp. Dev. 10(3), 265–276 (2003)
- Levenburg, N.M.: Does size matter? Small firms' use of E-business tools in the supply Chain. Electron. Mark. 15(2), 94–105 (2005)
- 42. Lin, H.F., Lin, S.M.: Determinants of e-business diffusion: a test of the technology diffusion perspective. Technovation **28**(3), 135–145 (2008)
- Maduku, D.K., Mpinganjira, M., Duh, H.: Understanding mobile marketing adoption intention by South African SMEs: a multi-perspective framework. Int. J. Inf. Manag. 36(5), 711–723 (2016)
- 44. Massa, S., Testa, S.: Innovation and SMEs: misaligned perspectives and goals among entrepreneurs, academics, and policy makers. Technovation (7), 393–407 (2008)
- McAdam, R., Moffett, S., Hazlett, S.A., Shevlin, M.: Developing a model of innovation implementation for UK SMEs: a path analysis and explanatory case analysis. Int. Small Bus. J. 28(3), 195–214 (2010)
- Mehrtens, J., Cragg, P.B., Mills, A.M.: A model of Internet adoption by SMEs. Inf. Manag. 39(3), 165–176 (2001)
- 47. Mirchandani, A.A., Motwani, J.: Understanding small business electronic commerce adoption: an empirical analysis. J. Comput. Inf. Syst. Spring, 70–3 (2001)
- 48. Moreno, A.M., Casillas, J.C.: Entrepreneurial orientation and growth of SMEs: a causal model. Entrepreneurship Theor. Pract. **32**(3), 507–528 (2008)
- Oliveira, T., Thomas, M., Espadanal, M.: Assessing the determinants of cloud computing adoption: an analysis of the manufacturing and services sectors. Inf. Manag. 51(5), 497–510 (2014)
- O'Regan, N., Ghobadian, A.: Innovation in SMEs: the impact of strategic orientation and environmental perceptions. Int. J. Prod. Perform. Manag. 54(2), 81–97 (2005)

- Orser, B.J., Riding, A.: The influence of gender on the adoption of technology among SMEs. Int. J. Entrep. Small Bus. 33(4), 514–531 (2008)
- 52. Pearson, J.M., Grandon, E.: E-commerce adoption: perceptions of managers/owners of small and medium sized firms in Chile. Commun. Assoc. Inf. Syst. **13**(1), 46 (2004)
- 53. Poon, S.: Business environment and internet commerce benefit—a small business perspective. Eur. J. Inf. Syst. 9(2), 72–81 (2000)
- Poon, S., Swatman, P.: An exploratory study of small business Internet commerce issues. Inf. Manag. 35(1), 9–18 (1999)
- Poon, S., Swatman, P.M.: Internet-based small business communication: seven Australian cases. Electron. Market. 7(2), 15–21 (1997)
- Premkumar, G., Roberts, M.: Adoption of new information technologies in rural small businesses. Omega 27(4), 467–484 (1999)
- Puklavec, B., Oliveira, T., Popovič, A.: Understanding the determinants of business intelligence system adoption stages: an empirical study of SMEs. in: Industrial Management & Data Systems, (just-accepted), 00-00 (2017)
- Ramdani, B., Chevers, D., Williams, D.A.: SMEs' adoption of enterprise applications: a technology-organisation-environment model. J. Small Business Enterp. Dev. 20(4), 735–753 (2013)
- Ramdani, B., Kawalek, P., Lorenzo, O.: Knowledge management and enterprise systems adoption by SMEs: predicting SMEs' adoption of enterprise systems. J. Enterp. Inf. Manag. 22(1/2), 10–24 (2009)
- Rhee, J., Park, T., Lee, D.H.: Drivers of innovativeness and performance for innovative SMEs in South Korea: mediation of learning orientation. Technovation 30(1), 65–75 (2010)
- Riemenschneider, C.K., Harrison, D.A., Mykytyn Jr., P.P.: Understanding IT adoption decisions in small business: integrating current theories. Inf. Manag. 40(4), 269–285 (2003)
- 62. Rogers, E.: Diffusion of Innovations, 4th edn. The Free Press, New York (1995)
- Rosenbusch, N., Brinckmann, J., Bausch, A.: Is innovation always beneficial? A metaanalysis of the relationship between innovation and performance in SMEs. J. Bus. Ventur. 26 (4), 441–457 (2011)
- Salavou, H., Baltas, G., Lioukas, S.: Organisational innovation in SMEs: the importance of strategic orientation and competitive structure. Eur. J. Market. 38(9/10), 1091–1112 (2004)
- Scupola, A.: SMEs' e-commerce adoption: perspectives from Denmark and Australia. J. Enterp. Inf. Manag. 22(1/2), 152–166 (2009)
- Soto-Acosta, P., Colomo-Palacios, R., Popa, S.: Web knowledge sharing and its effect on innovation: an empirical investigation in SMEs. Knowl. Manag. Res. Pract. 12(1), 103–113 (2014)
- Sunday, E. Z. E.: Examining information communication technology (ICT) adoption In SMEs: a dynamic capabilities approach. J. Enterp. Inf. Manag., (just-accepted), 00-00 (2018)
- Tan, K.S., Chong, S.C., Lin, B., Eze, U.C.: Internet-based ICT adoption: evidence from Malaysian SMEs. Ind. Manag. Data Syst. 109(2), 224–244 (2009)
- Tan, K.S., Chong, S.C., Lin, B., Eze, U.C.: Internet-based ICT adoption among SMEs: demographic versus benefits, barriers, and adoption intention. J. Enterp. Inf. Manag. 23(1), 27–55 (2010)
- Teo, T.S., Tan, M., Buk, W.K.: A contingency model of Internet adoption in Singapore. Int. J. Electron. Comm., 95–118 (1997)
- Terziovski, M.: Innovation practice and its performance implications in small and medium enterprises (SMEs) in the manufacturing sector: a resource-based view. Strateg. Manag. J. 31 (8), 892–902 (2010)
- Thong, J.Y.: An integrated model of information systems adoption in small businesses. J. Manag. Inf. Syst. 15(4), 187–214 (1999)

- 73. Thong, J.Y., Yap, C.S., Raman, K.S.: Top management support, external expertise and information systems implementation in small businesses. Inf. Syst. Res. 7(2), 248–267 (1996)
- Thong, J.Y.L., Yap, C.S.: CEO characteristics, organizational characteristics and information technology adoption in small businesses. Omega Int. J. Manag. Sci. 23(4), 429–442 (1995)
- 75. Tornatzky, L., Fleischer, M.: The process of technology innovation. Lexington Books, Lexington, MA (1990)
- Van Huy, L., Rowe, F., Truex, D., Huynh, M.Q.: An empirical study of determinants of ecommerce adoption in SMEs in Vietnam: an economy in transition. J. Global Inf. Manag. (JGIM) 20(3), 23–54 (2012)
- 77. Venkatesh, V. et al.: User acceptance of information technology: toward a unified view. MIS Q. 27, 425–478 (2003)
- 78. Verhees, F.J., Meulenberg, M.T.: Market orientation, innovativeness, product innovation, and performance in small firms. J. Small Bus. Manag. **42**(2), 134–154 (2004)
- Widyastuti, D., Irwansyah, I.: Benefits and challenges of cloud computing technology adoption in small and medium enterprises (SMEs). Bdg. Creative Mov. (BCM) J. 4(1), 241– 246 (2018)
- Williams, M.D., Rana, N.P., Dwivedi, Y.K.: The unified theory of acceptance and use of technology (UTAUT): a literature review. J. Enterp. Inf. Manag. 28(3), 443–488 (2015)
- Wolff, J.A., Pett, T.L.: Small-firm performance: modeling the role of product and process improvements. J. Small Bus. Manag. 44(2), 268–284 (2006)
- 82. Wymer, S.A., Regan, E.A.: Factors influencing e-commerce adoption and use by small and medium businesses. Electron. Market. **15**(4), 438453 (2005)
- 83. Zeng, S.X., Xie, X.M., Tam, C.M.: Relationship between cooperation networks and innovation performance of SMEs. Technovation **30**(3), 181194 (2010)
- Zhu, K., Kraemer, K.L.: Post-adoption variations in usage and value of ebusiness by organizations: cross-country evidence from the retail industry. Inf. Syst. Res. 16(1), 61–84 (2005)
- Zhu, K., Dong, S., Xu, S.X., Kraemer, K.L.: Innovation diffusion in global contexts: determinants of post-adoption digital transformation of European companies. Eur. J. Inf. Syst. 15(6), 601–616 (2006)
- Zhu, K., Kraemer, K.L., Xu, S.: The process of innovation assimilation by firms in different countries: a technology diffusion perspective on e-business. Manag. Sci. 52(10), 1557–1576 (2006)
- 87. Zhu, K., Kraemer, K., Xu, S.: Electronic business adoption by European firms: a crosscountry assessment of the facilitators and inhibitors. Eur. J. Inf. Syst. **12**, 251–268 (2003)