Australia, Christmas Island, Cocos Islands

Australia

Budget (Central government, 1975/76; year ending June 30th) Revenue: A 17901 mn = 22571 mn = 11315 mnExpenditure: A 21448 mn = 27044 mn = 13558 mn, of which, defence 7 %, social security and welfare 22 %, health 8 Balance of payments (\$ mn) 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 Balance of goods (fob) +2.104 + 2.785+101 + 2217 + 2025Balance of services -1348-1994-2292-2474 -3017Balance of transfers -- 199 -322-426 -334 -427 -2617 +557-1419Current balance +469-591 Long-term capital flow +1663-668 +808+592+1458Reserves and debt (end-year, \$ mn) 5 697 3 1 7 0 International reserves 4 269 6141 3 2 5 6 14 997 21 992 23 492 21 231 19 100 Public debta: domestic 1 793 1717 1 567 1 6 3 7 external 1 5 3 5 ^aMid-vear

External trade (1976) Imports: A \$ 10 184 mn = \$ 12 476 mn = £ 6 909 mn Exports: A \$ 10 743 mn = \$ 13 160 mn = £ 7 288 mn Main imports (1976/77^a) % of total Main exports (1976/77^a) % of total

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Main imports (1976/77ª)	% of total	Main exports (1976/77 ^a)	% of tot
Machinery, non-electric	16	Metal ores	14
Motor vehicles	10	(of which, iron ore 8)	
Electrical machinery	10	Wool	13
Crude oil and products	10	Coal	11
Chemicals	9	Meat	8
Textile yarns & fabrics	6	Wheat	7
Food	4	Sugar	6
Instruments	3	Non-ferrous metals	5 5
Paper	3	Alumina	5
Metal small manufactures	3 3	Iron and steel	4
Clothing	2	Machinery	3
Main sources (1976)		Main destinations (1976)	
Japan	21	Japan	34
United States	21	United States	9
United Kingdom	12	New Zealand	5
West Germany	6	United Kingdom	4
New Zealand	3	Soviet Union	4
Canada	3	West Germany	3
Saudi Arabia	3	Italy	3 3 2 2 2 2 2
Hong Kong	3	Canada	3
Italy	2	France	2
Kuwait	2 2	China	2
Singapore	2 2	Malaysia	2
Sweden	2	Indonesia	2
^a Year ending June 30th			

Special focus

Wool prices (UK wholesale price, Australia/New Zealand 64s) £ per \$ per % change over tonne tonne previous year (\$ basis)

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	tonne	tonne	previous y
1970	787	1 890	-13
1971	708	1 722	-9
1972	1 174	2 937	+71
1973	2 749	6 741	+129
1974	2117	4 9 5 2	-27
1975	1 736	3 858	-22
1976	2 192	3 960	+3
1977	2 454	4 283	+8
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Christmas Island



Location East Indian Ocean Australia is 1 410 km to the south-east of the island, Java (Indonesia) 360 km to the north, and Cocos Islands 417 km to the west Land Area 135 km² = 52 mi² Climate Sub-tropical Temperature (annual av): 27 °C (with little variation) Rainfall (av monthly): 144 mm; wet season Nov-April

Time 7 hours ahead of GMT Measures UK (imperial) system, changing to metric system Monetary unit Australian dollar (A = 100 cents Rate of exchange (1976 av): free 1.225 = A 1, A 1.474 = £ 1

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Summary

Political Australian external territory from October 1, 1958 Economic Phosphates are the main product; the British Phosphate Commission acts as managing agents for the Christmas Island Phosphate Commission (controlled by Australia and New Zealand)

People, resources, equipment, production and trade

Population^a 1960 3 140*, 1970 3 000*, 1976 3 260* *Mainly employees of British Phosphate Commission Growth: 1960-70 -0.5* %pa, 1970-76 1.4* %pa Density (1976): 24* people per km² Vital statistics (rate per 1 000 people, 1973): births 10, deaths 2 Town Flying Fish Cove Race (1976) Chinese 56 %, Malay 29 %, European 12 %. There is no indigenous people Language English Education (1976) Pupils: primary and secondary 625, vocational 500 Labour force (1971) 1 377 National income per person (1976) A \$ 2 500*** = \$ 3 000*** = £ 1 700*** Consumption per person (1975) Energy 20 537 kg coal equivalent, electricity (production) 9 235 kW h Telephones (Dec 1976) 350, 107 per 1 000 people Electrical capacity (1975) 9 megawatts Port (anchorage) Flying Fish Cove Airport Christmas Island **Gross domestic product** 1976 est: A $50^{**}mn = 60^{***}mn = £34^{***}mn$ Main products (1975) Phosphate rock 1 487 000 t, electricity 28 mn kW h Transport traffic (1974) Sea: loaded 1.69 mn t, unloaded 0.05 mn t External trade Main exports (1976/77; year ending June 30th) Phosphate rock 996 000 t, phosphate dust 123 000 t Export destinations Mainly Australia, New Zealand, south-east Asia

Cocos Islands

or Keeling Islands

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Location East Indian Ocean Includes 27 islands, of which the main islands are Home and West, with Perth (Australia) 2 770 km to the south-east, Colombo (Sri Lanka) 2 300 km to the north-west, and Christmas Island 417 km to the east Land Area 14 km² = 5.5 mi² Climate Sub-tropical Temperature (annual range): 21–32 °C Rainfall (av monthly): 142 mm

Time $6\frac{1}{2}$ hours ahead of GMT Measures UK (imperial) system and metric system Monetary unit Australian dollar (A \$) = 100 cents Rate of exchange (1976 av): free \$ 1.225 = A \$ 1, A \$ 1.474 = £ 1

Summary

Political Australian external territory from November 23, 1955; internal control was exercised by the Clunies-Ross family from 1831. Australia announced an agreement in July 1978 to buy the territory from Mr J Clunies-Ross for A 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ mn Economic Coconuts, copra and coconut oil are the main products, and aviation services are important

People, resources, equipment, production and trade

Population 1960 605*, 1970 624*, 1976 500* Growth: 1960-70 0.3*%pa, 1970-76 -3.6*%pa Density (1976): 36* people per km³ Vital statistics (rate per 1 000 people, 1973): births 23, deaths 6 Race (1976) Malay 75**%, European (mainly Scottish) 25**% Language English National income per person (1976) A \$1 000*** = \$1 200*** = £700*** Telephones (Dec 1976) 83, 180 per 1 000 people Airport West Island Radio sets (1975) 650, 1 076 per 1 000 people Gross domestic product 1976 est: A \$ 0.6***mn = \$0.7***mn = £0.4***mn Main products (000 t, 1976) Coconuts 3*, copra 0.24* External trade Main export (1975/76) Copra 423 t