

6. Layout of a COBOL Program

A COBOL program would often be written down on a coding sheet (see attached example); it is necessary when doing this - and later when keying the program in to the machine - to follow certain rules:

1. Most of the program should be written between columns 12 and 72 inclusive (known as Area B).
2. All Division names and Paragraph names and certain other headings should *start* between columns 8 and 11 inclusive (known as Area A).
3. Column 7 will usually be blank but if you want the line to be treated as a *remark* - an asterisk (*) should be placed in this column.
4. Columns 1 - 6 and 73 - 80 can generally be left blank.

COBOL Coding Form

System: _____ Page no: _____ of: _____
 Program: _____ Date: _____
 Programmer: _____

Sequence No.	Area A	Area B	Identificat
1	8 11 12	15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 72 75 75	
	I	D E N T I F I C A T I O N D I V I S I O N .	
		P R O G R A M I D . S T U D E N T - D E T A I L S .	
		E N V I R O N M E N T D I V I S I O N .	
	D	A T A D I V I S I O N .	
		W O R K I N G - S T O R A G E S E C T I O N .	
	01	S T U D E N T - N A M E P I C X (2 0) .	
	01	S T U D E N T - M A R K P I C 9 .	
	P	R O C E D U R E D I V I S I O N .	
		G E T - D E T A I L S .	
		D I S P L A Y ' W H A T I S Y O U R N A M E (U P T O 2 0 L E T T E R S) ? '	
		A C C E P T S T U D E N T - N A M E .	
		D I S P L A Y ' W H A T I S Y O U R M A R K O U T O F 5 ? '	
		A C C E P T S T U D E N T - M A R K .	
	P	R I N T - O U T - D E T A I L S .	
		D I S P L A Y S T U D E N T - N A M E .	
		D I S P L A Y S T U D E N T - M A R K .	
	F	I N A L P A R A G R A P H .	
		S T O P C U N .	

Exercise

1. Which items on the example program start in Area A ?
2. Write your answers to the exercises from lesson 5 correctly onto a COBOL coding sheet.