IMAGES IN INFECTION

Cytomegalovirus oral ulcers

T. Ueda · Hideyuki Ogata · Yusuke Kojima · Eri Ishida

Received: 7 September 2013/Accepted: 27 September 2013/Published online: 29 October 2013 © Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg 2013



Fig. 1 Painful ulcers on dorsum and lateral edge of tongue

An 86-year-old man with nonspecific interstitial pneumonia and poorly controlled diabetes mellitus came to our hospital with complaints of painful stomatitis and tongue ulcers lasting for 2 months (Fig. 1). He had been taking azathioprine at 50 mg/day and predonisolone, which was gradually tapered from 50 to 12.5 mg/day, for a period of 3 months.

The patient tested positive for cytomegalovirus (CMV) antigen (pp65) in 490 of 150,000 cells. A biopsy of the

tongue ulcer showed enlarged endothelial cells with inclusion bodies. CMV immunofluorescent staining was positive, and herpes simplex staining was negative. The tongue ulcer improved rapidly following the initiation of ganciclovir treatment.

Oral lesions caused by CMV have been reported in transplantation recipients [1]. Human immunodeficiency virus patients are also known to suffer from oral ulcers caused by CMV [2]. However, there has been no report to date of a CMV-related oral ulcer that occurred during steroid or immunosuppressant treatment.

The involvement of CMV should be considered when patients who are prescribed steroid or immunosuppressant agents develop oral ulcers.

Conflict of interest On behalf of all authors, the corresponding author states that there is no conflict of interest.

References

- López-Pintor RM, Hernández G, de Arriba L, Morales JM, Jiménez C, de Andrés A. Oral ulcers during the course of cytomegalovirus infection in renal transplant recipients. Transplant Proc. 2009;41:2419–21.
- Delgado WA, Almeida OP, Vargas PA, León JE. Oral ulcers in HIV-positive Peruvian patients: An immunohistochemical and in situ hybridization study. J Oral Pathol Med. 2009 38:120–5.



T. Ueda (☒) · H. Ogata · Y. Kojima · E. Ishida Emergency Medicine and General Internal Medicine, Rakuwakai Marutamachi Hospital, 12 Kurumazaka-cho Nishinokyo, Nakagyo-ku, Kyoto City, Kyoto 604-8405, Japan e-mail: maruta-GIM_ER-ueda@live.jp