Implementing Routine Cognitive Screening of Older Adults in Primary Care: Process and Impact on Physician Behavior

Soo Borson, MD^{1,2}, James Scanlan, PhD^{1,2}, Jeffrey Hummel, MD, MPH^{3,4}, Kathy Gibbs, RN⁴, Mary Lessig, BS^{1,2}, and Elizabeth Zuhr, BA^{1,2}

¹Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, University of Washington, 1959 NE Pacific Street, Campus Box 356560, Seattle, WA 98195, USA; ²Alzheimer's Disease Research Center, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, USA; ³University of Washington Physicians Network, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, USA; ⁴University of Washington Neighborhood Clinic, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, USA.

DOI: 10.1007/s11606-007-0242-0

© 2007 Society of General Internal Medicine 2007;22:1224

In the article "Implementing Routine Cognitive Screening of Older Adults in Primary Care: Process and Impact on

Physician Behavior" [J Gen Intern Med 2007; 22: 811–817 (DOI: 10.1007/s11606-007-0202-8)], the authors report that a box denoting the number of controls in the "Screening & New Actions" section of Figure 2 was omitted. This box has been included for reader reference. We reprint Figure 2 here in its entirety:

Figure 2. Derivation of sample for impact evaluation analyses