Initial experience of using the filter protection device during carotid artery stenting in Japan

Katsutoshi Takayama · Hiroyuki Nakagawa
Satoru Iwasaki · Toshiaki Taoka · Toshiteru Miyasaka
Kaoru Myouchin · Takeshi Wada · Masahiko Sakamoto
Akio Fukusumi · Ichiro Nakagawa
Shinichiro Kurokawa · Kimihiko Kichikawa

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During correction of the above mentioned article, errors were inadvertently introduced.

In Table 1, in the column headed “Distance of filter movement” the proximal value of the case 1 should be “2.1”, not “21”.

Table 1. Clinical and angiographic characteristics

Case	Distance of filter movement		
	Distal	Proximal	
		(Error)	(Correction)
1	0	<u>21</u>	<u>2.1</u>

In Fig. 3, an arrow should appear in A and the legend has been partly revised. The figure is correctly shown in the next page.

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K. Takayama (✉) · T. Wada
Department of Interventional Neuroradiology, Ishinkai Yao
General Hospital, 1-41 Numa, Yao 581-0036, Japan
Tel. +81-72-948-2500; Fax +81-72-948-7950
e-mail: takayamaneuroivs@par.odn.ne.jp

H. Nakagawa · S. Iwasaki · T. Taoka · T. Miyasaka ·
K. Myouchin · M. Sakamoto · A. Fukusumi · K. Kichikawa
Department of Radiology, Nara Medical University, Kashihara,
Japan

I. Nakagawa · S. Kurokawa
Department of Neurosurgery, Ishinkai Yao General Hospital,
Yao, Japan

Fig. 3. Carotid artery stenting using the filter device: a case with no flow and vasospasm (case 4). **A** Left carotid angiogram shows 99% stenosis of the ICA (*arrow*). **B** After filter replacement, the left carotid angiogram shows continuous flow through the filter. *Arrow* shows the initial position where the filter was implanted. **C** After stent deployment, the left carotid angiogram shows no flow through the ICA. **D** Percutaneous transluminal angioplasty (PTA) to the residual stenosis with a 6.0-mm balloon. **E** Following

PTA, the left carotid angiogram still shows no flow through the ICA. The filter has moved from its initial indwelling position (indicated by the *arrow*) to the distal side by 1.7 of a vertebral body (*arrowhead*). **F** The left carotid angiogram immediately after filter captured shows flow of the ICA is restored. But highly developed vasospasm is recognized in the distal section of the ICA (*arrow*). **G** Five minutes later, the left carotid angiogram shows alleviation of the vasospasm in the ICA (*arrow*)