Erratum to: Education and health: evidence on adults with diabetes

Padmaja Ayyagari · Daniel Grossman · Frank Sloan

Published online: 12 July 2011
© Springer Science+Business Media, LLC 2011

Erratum to: Int J Health Care Finance Econ (2011) 11:35–54
DOI [10.1007/s10754-010-9087-x](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10754-010-9087-x)

In the original publication of the article, some minus signs were not included in Table 4. The correct version of Table 4 is provided below where the original text remains the same and the missing signs have now been included.

The online version of the original article can be found under doi:[10.1007/s10754-010-9087-x](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10754-010-9087-x).

P. Ayyagari
Yale School of Public Health, Yale University, 60 College Street, P.O. Box 208034, New Haven,
CT 06520-8034, USA
e-mail: Padmaja.ayyagari@yale.edu

D. Grossman · F. Sloan (✉)
Department of Economics, Duke University, 236 Social Sciences Building, Box 90097, Durham,
NC 27708, USA
e-mail: fsloan@duke.edu

D. Grossman
e-mail: Dan.s.grossman@gmail.com

Table 4 Organ systems affected by complications of diabetes

	2003–2004		Change 2003–2008			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Educational attainment	−0.083*** (0.017)	−0.079*** (0.017)	−0.044** (0.017)	−0.058*** (0.012)	−0.051*** (0.012)	−0.038*** (0.014)
Poor child health		0.31 (0.20)	0.23 (0.18)		0.29** (0.14)	0.28** (0.14)
Low child SES		0.10 (0.11)	0.11 (0.10)		0.20** (0.081)	0.20** (0.081)
Cognition			−0.020** (0.010)			−0.014* (0.008)
Time preference: patient			−0.20** (0.10)			0.070 (0.086)
High risk tolerance			0.71 (0.55)			−0.44 (0.44)
High self-control			−0.24** (0.11)			−0.18** (0.10)
High self-confidence			−0.95*** (0.10)			−0.13 (0.080)
Household income			−0.020* (0.011)			−0.012** (0.005)
No health insurance			−0.42* (0.24)			0.12 (0.18)
Years since first diagnosis of diabetes			0.10*** (0.010)			0.007 (0.008)
Years since first diagnosis of diabetes ²			0.001*** (0.000)			−0.000 (0.000)
R ²	0.062	0.064	0.19	0.048	0.055	0.069
Observations		1,895			1,405	

Also includes covariates for age, male gender, Black, Hispanic, other race, and marital status not shown

* $p < 0.1$; ** $p < 0.05$; *** $p < 0.01$