Stavros M. Xirouchakis · Moysis Mylonas

Status and structure of the griffon vulture (*Gyps fulvus*) population in Crete

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Several mistakes occurred in this paper:

1. In Table 3 an author's name was misspelled twice in the Reference section. The correct Table appears below.
2. The captions for Figs. 3 and 4 were mixed up. The correct captions appear below.
3. Figure 3 was incomplete. The correct Fig. 3 is repeated below.

Fig. 3 Population trends of the griffon vulture in Crete during 1996–2002

Fig. 4 Distribution of colony size of griffon vultures (i.e., number of colonies, breeding and laying pairs) in Crete during 1996–2002

Table 3 Age classes (%) in populations of large raptors

Species	Adults	Immature	Region	Reference
<i>Haliaeetus vocifer</i>	76	24	West Africa	Brown and Cade 1972
<i>Terathopius ecaudatus</i>	64	36	South Africa	Brown and Cade 1972
<i>Terathopius ecaudatus</i>	69	31	West Africa	Brown and Cade 1972
<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i> ^a	87.5	12.5	Scotland	Watson 1997
<i>Aquila aldaberti</i> ^a	86	14	Spain	Ferrer 2001
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	77.4	22.6	Ethiopia	Brown 1977
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>	63	37	South Africa	Brown 1997
<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i> ^b	50	50	Spain	Antor 1999
<i>Gyps coprotheres</i>	75	25	South Africa	Robertson 1984
<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	63	37	Crete	This study

^aIncreased human-induced mortality of immature birds

^bPopulation supported by supplementary feeding

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S. M. Xirouchakis (✉) · M. Mylonas
Biology Department, Natural History Museum of Crete,
University of Crete,
P.O. Box 2208, 71409 Heraklion, Crete, Greece
e-mail: sxirouch@nhmc.uoc.gr

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