Jane Zochling · Martin H. J. Bohl-Bühler ·
Xenofon Baraliakos · Ernst Feldtkeller · Jürgen Braun

The high prevalence of infections and allergic symptoms in patients with ankylosing spondylitis is associated with clinical symptoms

Published online: 31 May 2006
© Clinical Rheumatology 2006

The authors regret the following errors:

Table 1: The 220 AS patients with skin rash represent 20.4% of the cohort, not 27.5%.

Subsection “Factors associated with infection and allergy in ankylosing spondylitis”: The first sentence should read “Women were more likely to report infection than men” (not “almost twice as likely”).

Figure 3: The portion of patients with pain more than 12 h a day among AS patients with no infection was 45% (not 36% as shown in the figure), compared to 52% among AS patients with any infection (p 0.05).

Table 2: The last item in the footnote should read “OR odds ratio”, not *OD*.

Appendix, Question 17: An additional option “More than 2 hours per day” was offered.

Reference 19: “van der HD” should be “van der Heijde D”, and “van der LS” should be “van der Linden S”.

Reference 21: “Murbus” should be “Morbus”.

Reference 42: “van der LS” should be “van der Linden S”.

Reference 45: “van den BF” should be “van den Bosch F” and “van den BN” should be “van den Bossche N”.

The online version of the original article can be found at: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10067-005-0130-0>

J. Zochling · X. Baraliakos · J. Braun (✉)
Rheumazentrum Ruhrgebiet, St. Josefs-Krankenhaus,
Landgrafenstr, 15,
44652 Herne, Germany
e-mail: J.Braun@rheumazentrum-ruhrgebiet.de
Tel.: +49-2325-592131
Fax: +49-2325-592136

M. H. J. Bohl-Bühler
KB-Practice for internal medicine,
Brandenburg, Germany

E. Feldtkeller
Ankylosing Spondylitis International Federation,
Munich, Germany