ERRATUM

Erratum to: Herbivory strongly influences among-population variation in reproductive output of *Lythrum salicaria* in its native range

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Unfortunately, Tables 1 and 2 were incorrectly published in the original article. The corrected Tables 1 and 2 are given below:

The online version of the original article can be found under doi:[10.1007/s00442-015-3520-2](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00442-015-3520-2).

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Table 1 Effect of population on damage from herbivores and reproductive success of control plants in nine natural *Lythrum salicaria* populations in the Skeppsvik archipelago, N. Sweden

Response variable	df_{num}, df_{den}	MS/residual deviance	F/χ^2	<i>P</i>
Proportion of leaf area removed	8, 490	1.80	54.65	<0.0001
Proportion with meristem damage	8, 497	502.11	192.22	<0.0001
Proportion flowering	8, 497	476.59	199.88	<0.0001
# Flowers per reproductive plant	7, 187	3.91	13.22	<0.0001
# Seeds per flower	7, 186	3.95	14.94	<0.0001
Female reproductive success	8, 522	85.36	45.45	<0.0001

Effects on proportion of leaf area removed, number of flowers per reproductive plant, number of seeds per flower, and female reproductive success (proportion of flowering plants $\times$ the number of flowers per reproductive plant $\times$ the number of seeds per flower) were analyzed with one-way ANOVA (MS and *F* given), whereas effects on proportion of plants with meristem damage and on proportion flowering were analyzed with generalized linear models (residual deviance and χ^2 given). Significant effects are in bold

Table 2 Effects of population and herbivore removal on damage from herbivores and reproductive success in nine natural *Lythrum salicaria* populations

Response variable	Source	df_{num}, df_{den}	MS/residual deviance	F/χ^2	<i>P</i>
Proportion of leaf area removed	Population	8, 770	1.80	81.76	<0.0001
	Herbivore removal	1, 770	2.54	115.69	<0.0001
	Pop $\times$ herb rem	8, 770	0.66	29.94	<0.0001
Proportion with meristem damage	Population	8, 788	809.01	146.98	<0.0001
	Herbivore removal	1, 787	572.15	236.86	<0.0001
	Pop $\times$ herb rem	8, 779	546.27	25.88	0.0011
Proportion flowering	Population	8, 788	880.91	217.27	<0.0001
	Herbivore removal	1, 787	844.06	36.85	<0.0001
	Pop $\times$ herb rem	8, 779	827.98	16.08	0.041
# Flowers per reproductive plant	Population	7, 328	3.91	12.80	<0.0001
	Herbivore removal	1, 328	0.28	0.93	0.34
	Pop $\times$ herb rem	7, 328	0.11	0.36	0.92
# Seeds per flower	Population	7, 326	2.22	10.98	<0.0001
	Herbivore removal	1, 326	6.15	30.42	<0.0001
	Pop $\times$ herb rem	7, 326	1.46	7.22	<0.0001
Female reproductive success	Population	8, 805	85.36	36.94	<0.0001
	Herbivore removal	1, 805	17.92	7.75	0.0055
	Pop $\times$ herb rem	8, 805	4.74	2.05	0.038

Effects on proportion of leaf area removed, number of flowers per reproductive plant, number of seeds per flower, and female reproductive success (proportion of flowering plants $\times$ the number of flowers per reproductive plant $\times$ the number of seeds per flower) were analyzed with two-way ANOVA (MS and *F* given), whereas effects on proportion of plants with meristem damage and proportion flowering were analyzed with generalized linear models (residual deviance and χ^2 given). Significant effects are in bold