Integrated anti-remodeling and anabolic therapy for the osteoporosis of Hajdu-Cheney syndrome

F. E. McKiernan

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Due to an error in typesetting, the last sentence of the abstract referred to “activated osteoporosis”, instead of the correct “activated osteolysis”. The abstract is reproduced here in full.

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F. E. McKiernan (✉)
Center for Bone Diseases, Marshfield Clinic,
1000 N. Oak Avenue,
Marshfield, WI 54449, USA
e-mail: mckiernan.fergus@marshfieldclinic.org

Abstract Hajdu-Cheney syndrome (MIM 102500) is a rare skeletal dysplasia marked by severe generalized osteoporosis and focal bone loss (acro-osteolysis). Osteoporosis treatment outcome has been reported only once previously. Reported herein is the biochemical and densitometric response to integrated anti-remodeling and anabolic therapy in a woman with Hajdu-Cheney syndrome. Results suggest dissociation of bone formation from bone resorption resulting in dramatic increases in bone mineral density without clinical evidence of activated osteolysis.