PEPLAU, L.A. & PERLMAN, D. (Eds.). *Loneliness: A Sourcebook of Current Theory, Research and Therapy*. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1982. Pp. xvii + 430.

This book resulted from the excitement generated in a UCLA 3-day-long research conference on loneliness in May 1979. The goal was to offer a comprehensive perspective on current work in the area of loneliness in a book that would be eclectic, and one that would summarize and synthesize information yielding chapters each of which would provide an overview of "major research projects or integrations of available information on specific topics." The volume is organized around the following themes: aloneness, methodological and conceptual issues, theoretical approaches, loneliness in adults, loneliness from a developmental standpoint, and therapy for loneliness. For those interested in a recent, recently expanding area of interest, this book with its nearly 300 references makes a handy reference tool. (N. H. Pronko, *Wichita State University*)

LEIGHTON, A. H. *Caring for Mentally Ill People: Psychological and Social Barriers in Historical Context*. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1982. Pp. x + 277. \$34.50; PB \$12.95.

A penetrating, thought-provoking 21-year case study of a small, rural mental health service in Sterling County, Nova Scotia. The body of theory that guided the project from its inception focused on questions of "how social, cultural, and psychological factors might affect the origin, course, and outcome of mental illnesses and the services aimed at the treatment and prevention of mental illnesses." The barriers to the successful attainment of the center's goals are discussed in terms of intrinsic and extrinsic factors. Intrinsic barriers are the data and notions about mental illness—conceptions and misconceptions of patients and all who come in contact with patients (relatives, administrators, therapists, etc.). Extrinsic factors include those found in the larger society in which the former are embedded. Thus, economic, cultural change, government regulations, etc. also affect the care of the "mentally ill." The study is supported by a rich array of notes and references. (N. H. Pronko, *Wichita State University*)

ERRATUM

AINSWORTH, L.L. & BAKER, CLAUDE D. *Effects of illumination changes on infant monkey contacts with surrogates*, 1982, 32, 513-518. On page 514, Procedure section, line 8, the temperature *should be* 29.5°C, not 20.5°C.