Multiple Scattering of Polarized Particles.

L. WALDMANN

*Max-Planck-Institut für Chemie (Otto Hahn Institut) - Mainz**(Nuovo Cimento, 14, 898 (1959))*

In eq. (3) read $\frac{8}{7}$ instead of $\frac{7}{8}$.

Note on the Electric Quadrupole Absorption in the Nuclear Photoreaction.

S. FUJII

Department of Physics, College of Science and Engineering, Nihon University - Tokyo

O. SUGIMOTO

*Department of Physics, Hiroshima University - Hiroshima**(Nuovo Cimento, 12, 513 (1959))*

Add to Figures following captions:

Fig. 1. - The computed result for the EQ cross-section in $^{40}\text{A}(\gamma, \text{p})^{39}\text{Cl}$.

Fig. 2. - The computed result for the EQ cross section in $^{59}\text{Co}(\gamma, \text{p})^{58}\text{Fe}$.

Fig. 3. - The angular distribution in $^{40}\text{A}(\gamma, \text{p})^{39}\text{Cl}$: the theoretical curve at $E_\gamma = 18$ MeV; the experimental result of proton of energy greater than 4 MeV from ^{40}A irradiated with 22.5 MeV bremsstrahlung.

Fig. 4. - The angular distribution in $^{59}\text{Co}(\gamma, \text{p})^{58}\text{Fe}$: the theoretical curve at $E_\gamma = 21.5$ MeV; the theoretical curve at $E_\gamma = 19.5$ MeV; the experimental result of proton of energy greater than 10 MeV from ^{59}Co irradiated with 24 MeV bremsstrahlung.