Because of a factor $\log \nu$ in the integrand the integral goes to zero even more slowly than the integral in eq. (2), and in fact we obtain very bad results using Walker's multipoles. This maybe explains why ALTARELLI and COLOCCI⁽⁵⁾, assuming the validity of both eqs. (2) and (4), find a sign for E_{2-} and E_{3-} in contradiction with the results of several isobar models and phenomenological analyses, Walker's fit amongst others⁽¹⁹⁾.

We do not know at the present moment if this property of slow convergence holds also for amplitudes different from those of pion photoproduction. For instance, in the case of meson-baryon scattering, it may well be that the doubtful conclusions of BABU *et al.*⁽¹⁾ depend from the fact that the Regge trajectory of the 27-plet at $t=0$, although negative, could be rather small in magnitude.

* * *

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⁽¹⁹⁾ Walker's fit gives essentially $E_{2-}/M_{2-} \simeq E_{3-}/M_{3-} = 2$.

Suggestive Features in πN Charge-Exchange Polarization Associated with Regge Cuts.

C. B. CHIU and J. FINKELSTEIN

Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, University of California - Berkeley, Cal.

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Page 823, fourth line from the bottom:

now have - so must be neglected,
change to - so must *not* be neglected.