dical system, as the experiments by COHEN show.

Moreover, in the case of the $^{23}\text{Na}(\text{d}, \text{p})^{24}\text{Na}$ reaction, as it has been shown by BLOK ⁽¹²⁾ the two groups of lines correspond rather well on the energy scale of the residual nucleus excitation

energy to the bumps that we found in the proton spectrum from the reaction $^{24}\text{Mg}(\text{n}, \text{p})^{24}\text{Na}$. This is to be expected because these two reactions have the same residual nucleus.

At this stage it is not possible to give any interpretation of such intensity modulations in the proton spectra. Nevertheless the discovery of this effect could throw some light on the mechanism of nuclear reactions.

⁽¹²⁾ J. BLOK: private communication, and J. BLOK, C. C. JONKER: *Nuovo Cimento*, **6**, 378 (1957).

ERRATA - CORRIGE

S. NABANAN, P. V. RAMANAMURTY, A. B. SAHAR and B. V. SREEKANTAN -
Interaction of μ -mesons Underground (190 MeV): *Nuovo Cimento*, **5**, 1773 (1957).

<i>Page</i>	<i>Column</i>	<i>Line</i>	<i>Read</i>	<i>for</i>
1773		Title	190 MWE	190 MeV
»	1	1	workers ⁽¹⁻¹²⁾	workers ^(1,12)
»	1	6	10^{-30}	10^{-3}
»	2	3	10^{-20}	10^{-2}
1775	1	9	190 m w.e.	190 m e.w.