Errata

In Volume 22, Number 4 of *The Journal of Mental Health Administration* (Fall 1995), in the article "Program Characteristics and Readmission Among Substance Abuse Patients: Comparisons With Middle-Aged and Younger Patients" by Rudolph H. Moos, Jennifer R. Mertens, and Penny L. Brennan, columns in Tables 1 and 2 were mislabeled. The corrected tables are printed below.

Table 1
Substance Abuse Patients' Demographic Characteristics, by Age

Demographic Characteristic	Age Group			<i>F</i> or Chi-Square
	Younger (age 18-34)	Middle-Aged (age 35-54)	Older (age 55+)	
Average age (years)	30.6	42.3	61.8	—
Percentage men	97.1 ^a	99.2 ^b	99.7 ^{a,b}	247.2*
Percentage Caucasian	54.1 ^{a,b}	63.6	79.4 ^{a,b}	872.0*
Percentage African-American	39.3 ^a	29.4	14.5 ^{a,b}	927.0*
Percentage married	20.5 ^a	24.3	30.8 ^{a,b}	179.8*

Note: Means that share a common superscript differ significantly ($p < .05$) according to chi-square or the Student-Newman-Keuls test.

* $p < .01$.

Table 2
Substance Abuse Patients' Diagnostic Characteristics
and Prior Treatment, by Age

	Age Group			<i>F</i> or Chi-Square
	Younger (age 18-34)	Middle-Aged (age 35-54)	Older (age 55+)	
Diagnostic characteristic				
Alcohol or drug dependence only	54.8 ^a	40.7	41.0 ^a	435.1*
Alcohol or drug psychosis	10.1 ^a	14.5 ^b	23.6 ^{a,b}	455.2*
Psychiatric diagnosis	35.1	44.8 ^b	35.3 ^b	298.3*
Medical diagnosis	71.4 ^a	83.5 ^b	93.8 ^{a,b}	1,107.0*
Inpatient treatment				
With a substance abuse or psychiatric diagnosis	46.2 ^a	57.1 ^b	59.9 ^{a,b}	304.6*
With only a medical diagnosis	9.5 ^a	14.2 ^b	27.5 ^{a,b}	837.4*
Outpatient treatment				
Mental health				
Percentage of patients	61.7 ^a	66.4 ^b	59.2 ^{a,b}	123.5*
Average number of visits (for those with one or more visits)	7.7	11.6 ^b	8.7 ^b	34.4*
Medical				
Percentage of patients	97.4 ^a	98.7	98.8 ^a	59.1*
Average number of visits (for those with one or more visits)	8.3 ^a	12.1 ^b	17.3 ^{a,b}	243.7*

Note: Means that share a common superscript differ significantly ($p < .05$) according to chi-square or the Student-Newman-Keuls test.