of high-precision seismometry had also reached the stage of the transformation of design theories into reality.

It can be expected that the routine application of the presented methods of practical deconvolution and the introduction of high-fidelity instruments into the practice of observation will substantially augment the accuracy of seismic information, which is the prerequisite for solving problems connected among others with the study of the focal mechanisms of earthquakes and with the research into the internal structure of the Earth.

The main results achieved in practical deconvolution of seismic recordings will be dealt with in a scientific report which will be presented to the General Assembly of the European Seismological Commission (Brasov, 1972). The abstracts of the papers presented at the seminar are available from the Library of the Geophysical Institute, ČSAV, Boční II/1401, Praha 4 - Spořilov. The proceedings of the seminar will be published in the 1st issue of the *Zeitschrift für Geophysik* (G. F. R.) in 1973.

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Erratum

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Fig. 1 (p. 108) and Fig. 7 (p. 115) should be interchanged.