Correction to Characterization by Truncated Moments and Its Application to Pearson-Type Distributions

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The following text was inadvertently omitted between Definition 2.1 and Theorem 2.2 (pp. 175–176):

For an arbitrary $r \in \mathbb{R}$ we define the r -th truncated moment function by $E(X^r | X \geq x)$, provided it exists for all $x \in \text{int } H$. Put $e^r = e_h$ for $h(x) = x^r$ and $r \neq 0$. According to Remark 2.2., we can consider the special case

$$e^s = \psi e^r + \varphi,$$

where ψ and φ are real functions such that the conditions of Theorem 2.1 are satisfied.