CORRECTION



Correction to: Lithostratigraphy of Devonian basinal mudrocks in frontier areas of northwestern Canada augmented with ED-XRF technique

Pavel Kabanov¹ ○ · Richard Vandenberg¹ · Pierre Pelchat² · Michelle Cameron³ · Keith Dewing¹

Published online: 19 June 2020 © Springer Nature Switzerland AG 2020

Correction to: arktos

https://doi.org/10.1007/s41063-020-00074-z

The original version of this article unfortunately contained a mistake. The presentation of Fig. 6 was incorrect.

The corrected Fig. 6 is placed in the following page.

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1007/s41063-020-00074-z.



Pavel Kabanov @canada.ca

Geological Survey of Canada, LMS, NRCan, Calgary, AB, Canada

Geological Survey of Canada, LMS, NRCan, Ottawa, ON, Canada

³ Bruker Elemental, Kennewick, WA, USA

54 arktos (2020) 6:53–54

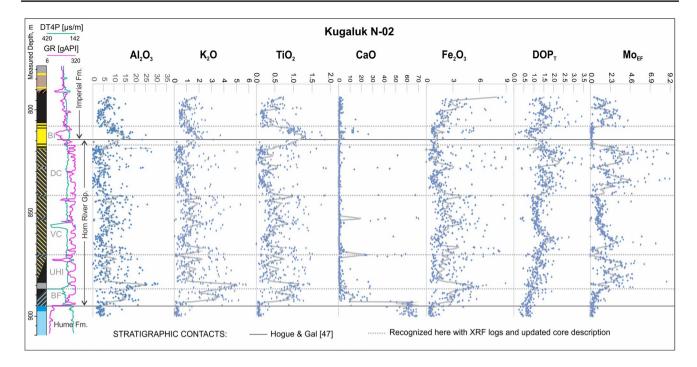


Fig. 6 Cored section of Horn River Group in Kugaluk N-02 with XRF proxies for terrigenous input (Al₂O₃, K₂O, TiO₂, Fe₂O₃), carbonate content (CaO), and anoxia (DOP_T, Mo_{EF}). Error bars are only shown for Al₂O₃ data. Grey lines on logs are LOWESS regression with α-tension 2.5%. Data for CaO, Fe₂O₃, DOP_T, and MO_{EF} are

truncated at 0.99 percentile. Pre-defined stratigraphic units [47] are labelled in black font. XRF-augmented units recognized in this study (grey font): *BF* Bluefish, *UHI* upper Hare Indian, *VC* Vermillion Creek, *DC* Dodo Canyon, and *BI* basal Imperial sandstone. Legend for lithology is given in Fig. 4

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.

