



Correction to: Accelerating Reactive Transport Modeling: On-Demand Machine Learning Algorithm for Chemical Equilibrium Calculations

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Correction to: Transport in Porous Media

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In the original publication of the article, Table 2 and some sentences in the texts have been published incorrectly. The corrected version of Table 2 and the sentences are provided in this correction. The sentence “*they are reliable and our benchmark*” in the section “1.1.1 Advantages of the Smart Chemical Equilibrium Algorithm” under the heading “*Reliability.*” should read as “*they are reliable and serve as a benchmark*”. Also, the sentence “N secondary species” below the equation 24 should read as “N-E secondary species”. The original article has been corrected.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11242-020-01412-1>.

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Table 2 Description of the chemical system used for the reactive transport simulation

Elements	C, Ca, Cl, H, Mg, Na, O, Si, Z ^a			
Phases	Aqueous, Calcite, Dolomite, Quartz			
Species	CO ₂ (aq)	Cl ⁻ (aq)	H ₂ O ₂ (aq)	MgCO ₃ (aq)
	CO ₃ ²⁻ (aq)	ClO ⁻ (aq)	HCO ₃ ⁻ (aq)	MgCl ⁺ (aq)
	Ca(HCO ₃) ⁺ (aq)	ClO ₂ ⁻ (aq)	HCl(aq)	MgOH ⁺ (aq)
	Ca ²⁺ (aq)	ClO ₃ ⁻ (aq)	HClO(aq)	Na ⁺ (aq)
	CaCO ₃ (aq)	ClO ₄ ⁻ (aq)	HClO ₂ (aq)	NaCl(aq)
	CaCl ⁺ (aq)	H ⁺ (aq)	HO ₂ ⁻ (aq)	NaOH(aq)
	CaCl ₂ (aq)	H ₂ (aq)	Mg(HCO ₃) ⁺ (aq)	O ₂ (aq)
	CaOH ⁺ (aq)	H ₂ O(l)	Mg ²⁺ (aq)	OH ⁻ (aq)
	Calcite	Dolomite	Quartz	

^aZ is the symbol for the element representing electric charge

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