CORRECTION



Correction to: Non-contrast MRI for breast screening: preliminary study on detectability of benign and malignant lesions in women with dense breasts

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Published online: 20 August 2019 © Springer Science+Business Media, LLC, part of Springer Nature 2019

Correction to: Breast Cancer Research and Treatment https://doi.org/10.1007/s10549-019-05342-5

In the original version of the article, the image of Fig. 2 was erroneously duplicated as Fig. 4. The correct version of Fig. 4 is given below. The original article has been corrected.

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1007/s10549-019-05342-5.

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Fig. 4 A 38-year-old woman with dense breasts, with pathologically proven invasive carcinoma of no special type and mucinous carcinoma in the right breast. The lesion visibility scores of MG, DWI+TIRM, and clinical MRI of the lesion (arrow) were 4, 5, and 5, respectively. The breast cancer detection scores of MG, DWI+TIRM, and clinical MRI of the lesion (arrow) were 3, 4, and 5, respectively. The lesion visibility scores of MG, DWI+TIRM, and clinical MRI of the lesion (arrow) were 3, 4, and 5, respectively. The lesion (arrow head) were 2, 5, and 5, respectively. The breast cancer detection scores of MG, DWI+TIRM, and clinical MRI of the lesion (arrow head) were 2, 5, and 5, respectively. The breast cancer detection scores of MG, DWI+TIRM, and clinical MRI of the

lesion (arrow head) were 2, 4, and 5, respectively. **a** MG showed a high-density lesion with a circumscribed margin. **b** TIRM and **c** DWI $(b=0.8\times10^{-3} \text{ s/mm}^2)$ demonstrated a heterogeneous high-signal-intensity lesion (arrow) and a homogeneous high-signal-intensity lesion (arrow head) in the right breast. **d** ADC values of these two lesions were 0.78×10^{-3} mm²/s (arrow) and 0.83×10^{-3} mm²/s (arrow head). **e** Contrast-enhanced MRI showed both lesion heterogeneous enhancement

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