# Database Design for Online Psychometric Design (OnPsyD) Tool

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**Abstract.** The objective of this poster is to discuss the extensible database design for an Online Psychometric Design (OnPsyD) Tool that will be used for research in Online Psychometrics.

## 1 Introduction

The Online Psychometric Design (OnPsyD) Tool is an online tool that is being developed for online psychometric research. It is essential to develop the scientific understanding of how presentation-design factors affect people's responses in psychometric measurement and design guidance. In order to facilitate this scientific understanding, the OnPsyD Tool has to be developed on a framework of an extendable software architecture with a good database design.

### 2 Background

Various research studies demonstrate how usability science, along with other research in HCI, can benefit from the application of psychometrics in our daily life such as assessment, information search, and diagnostics. Because psychometrics models human psychological characteristics, it is important for instruments administered on-line to be sound and standardize in terms of measurement. Very little research exists in online psychometrics that addresses psychometric measurement in human-computer interaction through web applications or mobile applications. The development of the OnPsyD Tool will help collect and facilitate the data that is required for further research in online psychometrics. For this, a strong and extensible database design is the foundation of the OnPsyD tool. The desired database design modelling will involve three aspects: first, a database design that supports the content and hierarchical structure of psychometric questionnaires; second a design that supports the storage of the psychometric data collected from administering the questionnaires online.

# 3 Database Design

This section discusses details of database design including tables, packages and diagrams. The database design categorizes the database tables into three main groups or

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packages Questionnaires and Question, User Interaction and Layout Options. Fig 2 shows the details diagram with all tables, relations and attributes.



Fig. 1. Shows the packing diagram that shows the overall view of the database design

The following sub section discusses the details of the design and provides detailed explanation for the three database packages - Questionnaires and Question, User Interaction and Layout Options.

#### 3.1 Questionnaires and Question

This group contains tables that comprise of questionnaires. It also provides information regarding questionnaire type and purpose. Furthermore, it includes tables that relate to questions the form the basic building block for all questionnaires.

Question tables contain information about question type, question group, possible answers and to the questionnaires they belong. Question type specifies if the question is close-ended (for example true and false or multiple choice) or open-ended question. Question group specifies the question category like opinion or behavior category. Further, it contains the mapping information for the questions with the possible questionnaire(s).Table 1 shows the tables in Questionnaire and Question package and their attributes.

Table Name	Attribute Name	Data Type	Description
Questionnaire	Questionnaire_ID	Auto Number	Serial numeric key
	Title	Text	Questionnaire Title
	Туре	Text	Questionnaire Type
	Description	Text	Questionnaire details
	Creation_Date	Date	Questionnaire Crea-
Quastian	Quartian ID	Auto Numbon	tion date
Question	Question_ID	Auto Number	Outortion Crown ID
	tion Group ID	Auto Number	Question Group ID
	Description	Text	Question details
	Partici-	Text	Tool tip participant
	pant_ToolTip		
Question_Group	Question	Auto Number	Serial numeric key.
	_Group_ID		
	Description	Text	Question group de-
			scription and details
Question-	Questionnaire_ID	Auto Number	Refer to Question-
naire_Question			naire entry
	Question_ID	Auto Number	Refer to Question
			entry.
	IsRequired	Boolean	Whether the question
			is required or not.
Ques-	Question_ID	Auto Number	Refer to Question
uon_Opuons	Ontion ID	Auto Number	entry. Sorial numeria kou
	Option_ID Ouestion_Option	Auto Number	Dessible ensure for
	Question_Option	Text	the close ended ques
			tion.
Input Method	Method ID	Auto Number	Serial numeric kev.
1	Method Type	Text	Type of close-ended
	- 71		question.
	Remarks	Text	Additional remarks.

Table 1.

### 3.2 User Interaction

User Interaction group or package holds information for the different users and their interaction with the system. It contains two types of tables - system users and user response.

*System user table*. This table holds information for different users with their roles in the system. It also contains the basic information required to participate in completing the questionnaire. The user acquires the role of either the system admin or participant. Admin role provides permission to create and modify system components like

questionnaires, questions, users and layout (see section 3.3 Layout Options for more information about layout component). The participant role is provided with permission only to participate in the questionnaire(s) assigned by the admin.

*User response table.* This table contains information about participating user's response to different questions.

Table 2 shows the tables in User Interface package and their attributes.

User User_ID Auto Number Serial numeric key	
Role Text User role. Admin or Participant.	
Admin_User Name Text Admin full name.	
Last_Login Date Last login date to the system.	
Partici- Gender Text Participant gender.	
Age Group Text Participant age group	
Education Text Participant education level.	
Professions Text Participant to business.	
Us- User_ID Auto Number Refer to User entry.	
er_Response_	
Question	
Question_ID Auto Number Refer to Question entry.	
Questionnaire_ID Auto Number Refer to Questionnaire entry	
Remarks lext Additional remarks.	
Clo- Answer ID Auto Number Refer to Question Option entry.	
seEnded_Resp	
onse	
Remarks Text Additional remarks.	
One Answer Text Participant answer as text	
nFnded Resp	
onse	
Remarks Text Additional remarks	
Question- Participant _ID Auto Number Refer to User entry.	
naire_Particip	
ant	
Questionnaire_ID Auto Number Refer to Questionnaire entry	
rarucipan- Date Completing questionnaire date.	
Remarks Text Additional remarks	

Table 2	
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### 3.3 Layout Options

Layout Option package holds information for different questionnaire layout and format options. Currently two types of layout such as position and style is included in this package for both questionnaires and questions.

One table contains information for the component style like color, font-style, font size, etc. This style is adapted by the admin user for different questionnaires and questions. Information about question order within questionnaires is contained in a separate table. The database design for the layout option provides flexibility for the admin user can create multiple questionnaires with different order of questions.

Table 3 shows the tables in Layout Options package and their attributes.

Table Name	Attribute Name	Data Type	Description
Layout	Layout_ID	Auto Number	Serial numeric key
	Font_Family	Text	Text Font Family
	Font_Size	Text	Text Font Size.
	Font_Color	Text	Text Font Color.
	Remarks	Text	Additional remarks.
Question-	Questionnaire_ID	AutoNumber	Refer to Questionnaire entry
naire_Layout			
	Layout_ID	Auto Number	Refer to Layout entry
	Remarks	Text	Additional remarks.
Question-	Question-	Auto Number	Serial numeric key
naire_Instance	naire_Instance_ID		
	Questionnaire_ID	Auto Number	Refer to Questionnaire entry
	Question_ID	Auto Number	Refer to Question entry
	Layout_ID	Auto Number	Refer to Layout entry
	Questions_Per_Page	Number	Number of Question per page
	Ques-	Number	Question order in the page.
	tion_Display_Order		

Table 3.



Fig. 2. Detailed Class diagram with all tables, relations and attributes

# 4 Conclusion

The proposed database system will also allow the definition of online experiments as a sequence in which information is presented and one questionnaire or a set of questionnaires is administered. The functionality will cover both functions of the management of psychometric items, questionnaires, response data and the setup of online administration and experiments, and the actual administration of online experiments. The database modeling further enables data collection from experiments conducted in different (social and geographical) settings. This will help to establish the generalizability of results. Although the focus of HCI has always been on user interaction, the field of HCI recently is contributing to designing new tools and techniques that improve usability. Hence, OnPsyD Tool will be a unique knowledge contribution to the field of HCI and online Psychometrics.