

Erratum to: Modulation of *CYP19* expression by cabbage juices and their active components: indole-3-carbinol and 3,3'-diindolymethane in human breast epithelial cell lines

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The authors regret the error in the result section of the original publication. The line “sauerkraut juices at the concentrations above 25 ml/l significantly reduced the cytotoxicity” should read “sauerkraut juices at the concentrations above 25 ml/l significantly increased the cytotoxicity”.

In addition, the original publication of the article contains few more errors which need to be amended as mentioned below:

In Fig. 1, the part figures presenting cytotoxicity data of I3C and DIM are incorrect. The correct version of Fig. 1 is given here.

As a consequence, the third sentence below the heading “Effect of cabbage juices and indoles on cytotoxicity”

in “Results” section should be modified to: DIM was more toxic than I3C (IC₅₀: 22.5–38.1 and 74.3–87.6 μM, respectively) and similarly as in the case of cabbage juices the MDA-MB-231 cells were most sensitive (IC₅₀: 22.5–74.3 μM).

In Figs. 4c, d, and 5f, the doses of DIM should be 5 and 10 μM instead of 10 and 30 μM.

In the title, “3,3'-diindolymethane” has been misspelled as “3,3'-diindolymethene”. The correct title should be: Modulation of *CYP19* expression by cabbage juices and their active components: indole-3-carbinol and 3,3'-diindolymethane in human breast epithelial cell lines.

The authors wish to apologize that this error was not identified earlier.

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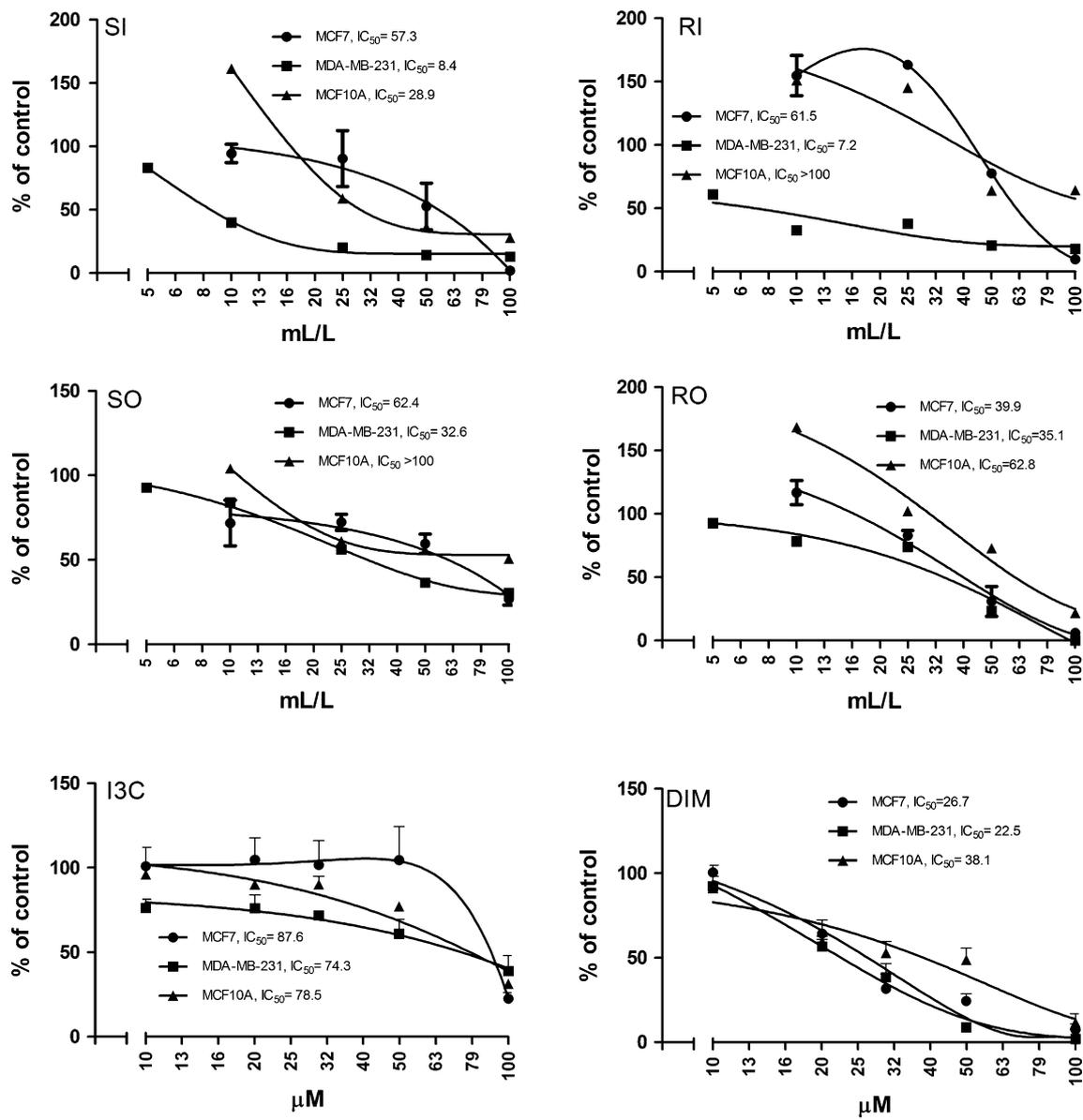


Fig. 1 The effect of cabbage juices and indoles on the cytotoxicity of MCF7, MDAMB-231, and MCF10A cells. Mean values from three separate experiments run in triplicate \pm SEM are shown